

THE WEATHER.

Fair Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

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ONE SECTION

WHOLE NUMBER 39,500

GARRISON "BREAKS" WITH WILSON AND RESIGNS

Continental Army and Philippine Program Points of Divergence

BRECKINRIDGE, LOYAL TO HIS CHIEF, FOLLOWS

MAJOR GENERAL SCOTT NOT ACTING SECRETARY OF WAR

President Accepts Resignations of Cabinet Member and His Assistant, Both of Which Are Effective Immediately, But Has Not Selected Successor—Will Probably Take Personal Charge of National Defense

SECRETARY'S ACTION COMPLETE SURPRISE TO OFFICIALS OF GOVERNMENT GENERALLY

Makes No Personal Explanation, but Boards Train for "Indefinite Stay" in New York Several Hours Prior to Official Announcement—Circumstances Leading to Resignation Detailed in Correspondence Public.

Washington, Feb. 10. — Secretary Garrison resigned today, because President Wilson would not "irrevocably" support the Continental Army plan and because he opposes the administration's programme of setting a definite time for Philippine independence. President Wilson accepted the resignation, but has not selected a successor. The President himself probably will take personal charge of the administration's national defense plans in Congress.

Assistant Secretary Breckinridge also resigned, as a mark of loyalty to his chief, whose views he shares. The President accepted his resignation. Both take effect immediately.

Major General Scott, chief of staff of the army, automatically becomes Secretary of War ad interim.

National Guard Figured.
It is known that one of Secretary Garrison's principal reasons for his conviction that only a Federal continental army, instead of a reorganized National Guard, should be the main military dependence of the Nation was his belief that some day the United States may be called upon to defend the Monroe Doctrine, and in that event, he foresaw that the National Guard might not be available for use outside of the United States, before a declaration of war.

Upon that contention, on the one hand, that the continental army or ultimately universal service was the Nation's only reliance, and the position, on the other, that no one plan could be enforced upon Congress, President Wilson and his Secretary of War parted official company.

Mr. Garrison's resignation was a complete surprise to official Washington generally. He made no personal explanation. Several hours before the official announcement he had boarded a train with his wife for New York, and word had been passed at the War Department that he had gone for an indefinite stay.

Several Weeks Ago.
The acute differences of opinion which led to the break began early in the year when opposition to the continental army plan began developing in Congress. There had been indefinite rumors of the possibility of the Secretary of War leaving the cabinet, but they never were countenanced in official quarters. The Secretary everywhere was regarded as one of the strong men of the administration, upon whom the President leaned in the difficult situations, both domestic and international, which have marked his administration.

The circumstances which led up to the resignation are detailed in the Secretary's correspondence with the President which was made public to-night at the White House. The President, the letters disclose, believed that the training, organization and control of a military reserve should be under immediate Federal direction, but is not irrevocably or dogmatically committed to any one plan. He wrote Mr. Garrison that he could not force any specific plan on Congress and added: "I must welcome a frank interchange of views and a patient and thorough comparison of all the methods proposed for obtaining the object we all have in view."

Secretary Rather Dogmatic.
Mr. Garrison's contention that only the plans of the War Department could be considered seemed to the President "wholly unjustifiable." Mr. Garrison considered reliance upon the militia for national defense as unjustifiable and imperiling of the Nation's safety. In resigning he wrote the President: "It is evident that we hopelessly disagree upon what I conceive to be fundamental principles."

Mr. Garrison characterized the Clark amendment to the Philippine bill providing conditionally for the independence of the islands within the four years "an abandonment of the duty of this Nation and a breach of trust for the Filipinos."

The President replied it was his judgment that the Clark amendment was "unwise at this time," but added, "It would clearly be most inadvisable for me to take the position that I must

REPUBLICANS GIVE THEIR ASSURANCES

That Strong Army Increase Bill is in Preparation.

CALL AT WHITE HOUSE

Members of House Committee, However, Tell President the Continental Army Scheme is Almost Unanimously Opposed.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Republicans of the House Military committee assured President Wilson today that a strong army increase bill drafted in a non-partisan way and accepting all the main objects sought by the War Department plan would be on the House calendar within three weeks. They told him, however, that the committee practically was unanimously opposed to the department's continental army scheme.

Headed by Representative Kahn, of California, ranking minority member of the committee, the Republicans called at the White House, at the President's invitation, following Chairman Hay and several of his Democratic colleagues, who carried the same message to the Chief Executive yesterday.

Today's conference was later described as a friendly exchange of views. The only difference of opinion was on the question of the continental army as a substitute for the National Guard in the first line of defense.

Make National Guard Effective.
The President was informed that while the committee opposed the continental idea, a scheme was in process of formulation by which the members felt certain the National Guard could be welded into an effective instrument of National defense.

Mr. Wilson stated his own preference for the continental plan, but made no effort, the White House visitors said, to sway them in their opinion. The only urgency in the President's remarks, it was stated, was his plea for quick congressional action to put the country in a state of adequate defense. He found his hearers in hearty accord with him in both desires.

While the President's presentation of the situation was not disclosed, it is known that the committee officials have in view the possibility that American troops might be needed in some southern country to aid in repelling an invader, and that the constitutional limitation of the use of the National Guard to territorial United States would hamper preparation for an adequate defense of the Pan-American doctrine.

The military committee will conclude its hearings tomorrow morning and be (Continued on Page Ten.)

SIMMONS DENIES TWO REPORTS FROM STATE

Had No Hand in Investigation of Soldiers' Home.

Nor Did He Have Anything to Do With Investigation of State Treasury.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—Senator Simmons denied today that he had discussed in any way with Governor Craig the turbulent conditions at the Soldiers' Home at Raleigh. As a matter of fact, Senator Simmons said, he did not know that there had been any trouble in Raleigh until he read the story in one of the State papers today.

Equally false, the Senator said, was the statement carried in one of the State newspapers that he had been instrumental in starting an investigation of the affairs of State Treasurer Lacy. Mr. Simmons said he knew absolutely nothing about this until some one told him about it in Raleigh a few weeks ago.

He declared that he had never received a letter from Engineer Dave K. Wright with reference to the effecting of a survey of the Waccamaw river, nor, so far as he knew, from any one else. He said that he talked with Governor Craig when the latter was here several days ago, but that neither the condition of affairs at the Soldiers' Home nor the proposed investigation of the Treasurer's office was mentioned by the Governor.

Survey of Waccamaw River.
Representative Godwin has introduced a bill providing for a survey of the Waccamaw river from Simmons' landing across Brunswick county, to a point near Seaside, known as Tubbs' landing. The survey is to determine (Continued on Page Two.)

BROADER TRAINING FOR NAVAL MILITIA

Proposed in Plans Worked Out by Secretary Daniels.

CRUISES ON WARSHIPS

Navy Expects to Get Together 4,500 Reservists for the Summer Mobilization—Appropriation Asked of Congress.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Plans for the training of the Naval Militia of the country on a far broader scale than ever before attempted have been worked out by Secretary Daniels. The Naval Militia in the South Atlantic and Gulf States coasts will have practice cruises on destroyers with Key West, Fla., as a base, while a fleet of reserve battleships, carrying the reserves and militia from all parts of the country will participate in the summer maneuvers if Congress approves the necessary expenditures.

The Navy Department soon will turn over five of the older destroyers to the naval militia in the South for permanent practice ships. One will be stationed at Jacksonville, Fla., one at Key West, one at Charleston, one at New Orleans and one at Galveston. The fleet will be divided into three groups for practice cruises will be at Key West.

An appropriation of \$7,000 will be needed to cover traveling expenses of militia from interior sections to the coasts.

The old battleships Oregon, Kearsarge and Kentucky are to be turned over next month to the militia forces of the Atlantic and Pacific for permanent practice ships. The Oregon will be stationed at San Francisco, the Kearsarge at Boston and the Kentucky at New York. These three ships and the reserve pre-dreadnaughts which carry the Annapolis midshipmen on their summer cruise will make up the fleet manned 40 per cent. by regular officers and men and 60 per cent. by the reserve and militia.

In all, the department is asking for \$13,000 for the reserve and militia. There are now 4,500 men in the militia, and expects to get together more than 4,500 reservists of both classes out for the summer mobilization. The first line craft, New Hampshire and North Dakota, also may be among those commissioned for the mobilization. (Continued on Page Two.)

NIMITZ HOLDS EDISON COMPANY RESPONSIBLE

Says Faulty Storage Battery Caused Explosion on E-2.

Sums Up Evidence in Defense of Lieut. Cook Before Naval Committee.

Capt. McGrann Defends the Edison Interests.

New York, Feb. 10.—Responsibility for the explosion on the submarine E-2 at the New York navy yard, which resulted in five deaths, was placed upon the Edison Storage Battery Company by Lieut. C. W. Nimitz, counsel for Lieut. Charles M. Cooke, commander of the vessel, who summed up the evidence in the case this afternoon before the naval committee.

Commander W. H. McGrann, U. S. N., retired, who has represented the Edison interests, declared on the contrary that they could not be held at fault because of the accident.

Lieutenant Nimitz contended that the storage battery, from which it has been ascertained hydrogen gas was escaping prior to the explosion, was installed absolutely in accordance with the directions of its manufacturers as was its ventilation system. He asserted that the instructions for the care and operation of the battery were incomplete in regard to the ventilation.

It was asserted that the first series of tests of the E-2 was considered unsatisfactory by the Edison company and that thereafter the submarine battery was placed at the disposal of its manufacturer that it might be improved preparatory to additional tests. The discharge of the storage battery to zero voltage on the day of the accident, Lieutenant Nimitz said, was at the explosion. (Continued on Page Two.)

FIGHTING IN WEST CONTINUES SEVERE

Both Berlin and Paris Are Now Claiming Victories.

RUSSIAN FRONT ACTIVE

Russians Strongly on Offensive in Volhynia and Galicia—Italians Victorious in Small Engagements—War Summary.

There has been no diminution in the severe fighting between the French and the Germans in the Artois region of France. Northwest of Vimy, according to Berlin, a large section of a French trench has been captured by the Germans, while near Neuville craters that had been previously lost to the French were re-taken. A few prisoners and 22 machine guns also fell into the hands of the Teutons.

Paris asserts that in the district around LaFolle, to the southwest of Vimy, the Germans were forced out of communicating trenches they had occupied and also that two strong attacks by the Germans against the French between Neuville and LaFolle were repulsed, the Germans being able to hold only one mine crater.

In Volhynia and the east Galician frontier the Russians are strong on the offensive. Northwest of Tarnopol the Russians succeeded in penetrating the Austro-Hungarian trenches but later were ejected, while on the Hwasan frontier the Russians were driven from an advanced position to their main position.

In small engagements by infantry at several points of the Austro-Italian front some reports that the Italians were victorious.

Premier Skouloudis, of Greece, has informed the Greek government that his policy to avoid trouble for Greece was the approval of a majority of the people, and that it would be continued, notwithstanding pressure. He added that the forces of the government would be kept intact and used exclusively in the interest of the country.

Importance is attached in Petrograd to the advance movement by the Russians in eastern Galicia, just north of the Bukovina boundary, where they report having effected a crossing of the Danube. The Austro-German positions in the entire district of Czeronow, capital of Bukovina, will be threatened if this movement is continued, according to Petrograd military commentators.

IS ASKED TO EXPLAIN ATTACK ON PETROLITE

Secretary Lansing Sends Communication to Austria.

Denies Demands Have Been Made But Says There Is Possibility That There May Be Should the Situation Warrant It.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Secretary Lansing announced today that he had sent to the Austrian government a dispatch asking for an explanation of the attack by an Austrian submarine on the American tank steamer Petro-lite.

The Secretary said published statements that demands had been made upon the Vienna government were "not true" but that it was within the range of possibility that demands of some sort might be made in the future should the investigation and explanation asked warrant them.

The Secretary's dispatch called attention to affidavits from members of the crew of the Petro-lite and no information from other sources to the effect that the ship was stopped in the Mediterranean near Alexandria by Austrian submarine which fired upon her and wounded one man in her engine room.

The submarine commander asked for a boarding party on the American ship and removed one American member of her crew, who was held as a hostage while the Austrians took the food they required from the Petro-lite's stores. Novel questions are involved in the case. Warring under certain stress may take food from merchantmen if they give proper receipts or payment, but it is realized that if submarines are to be permitted to do so every neutral ship might be made a base for their operations.

ARMED MERCHANTMEN ARE TO BE GIVEN NO WARNING BY U-BOATS

FAVORS UNIVERSAL MILITARY TRAINING

Greater Navy and National Defense Council Urged.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

United States Chamber of Commerce Advocates Adjustment of Railroad Labor Disputes by Arbitration—Meeting Closes.

Washington, Feb. 10.—The Chamber of Commerce of the United States closed its three-day annual convention here today with the adoption of resolutions calling upon the railroads and their employees to adjust their wage controversy by arbitration, and the ratification of a programme for National defense which proposes universal military training, an increased navy and the creation of a council of National defense to mobilize, when needed, all the Nation's forces, fighting, industrial, commercial and scientific.

Other resolutions provided for a referendum of the chamber's membership of 703 business organizations throughout the country on the desirability of providing pensions for Federal Civil Service employees and of amending the Federal Constitution to permit the President to veto specific items of appropriation bills. Elimination of objectionable riders of these bills, it was urged, would be accomplished through such an amendment.

Secretary Daniels Speaks.
All of this afternoon's session was devoted to a discussion of National preparedness. Secretary Daniels made an address defending the Navy programme, which he said was sure to be adopted and advocating the upbuilding of an American merchant marine. Charles Nagel, former Secretary of Commerce and Labor, declared that the Army and Navy are the only point of the arrow and that National preparedness consisted of the mobilization of all the country's resources. He warned, however, that to have spoken, cancelled the engagement following his resignation from the cabinet.

President Wilson addressed the chamber at its annual banquet to-night. The annual election of officers, by the chamber's board of directors, was deferred until tomorrow.

The National defense committee of the chamber, in a report today submitted to the chamber, said: "We believe that no plan of National defense should be adopted which will permit, due to the outbreak of war, any profit arising out of the National danger to any one, and in case the pressure of war is put upon us we may unite and universally accept sacrifices both of property and person for the great national necessity."

The report recommended a council of National defense composed of the President, the Secretaries of State, War, Navy, Commerce and Labor, and Secretaries of important congressional committees, ranking officers of the army and navy, and some civilians who would perform advisory and co-ordinating functions.

A general staff for the navy and a staff of industrial mobilization to submit to Congress carefully detailed plans for the use of National economic resources. (Continued on Page Ten.)

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.
Met in executive session at noon to consider Nicaraguan treaty. Sub-committee continued hearings on nomination of Louis D. Brandeis for Supreme Court.

HOUSE.
Met at noon. Naval and Military committees heard witnesses on National defense. Hearings on the administration shipping bill were begun.

Adopted resolution authorizing War Department to loan army tents, rations and other supplies to sufferers in the flood area.

Resumed debate on the Postoffice Appropriation bill. Banking and Currency committee completed revised bill to establish a farm land mortgage bank system. Adjourned at 5:25 p. m. to noon Friday.

Will be Considered Warships by Germany and Austria, After March 1.

AN AMERICAN VICTORY?

Questions Involved in Conduct of Submarine Warfare Believed Settled.

Americans May be Warned Not to Sail on Armed Ships.

Washington, Feb. 10. — Germany and Austria have formally notified the United States that beginning March 1, commanders of their submarines will consider armed merchant ships of the Entente Allies to be warships, and will treat them accordingly. Under such instructions, commanders would be at liberty to sink without warning any armed vessel, whether passenger or freight-carrying.

Notes Are to Follow.
The notifications were presented orally to Secretary Lansing by Count Bernstorff and Baron Erich Ziwidinsk, charge of the Austro-Hungarian embassy here, and from their government came the following statement:

The intention of the Teutonic allies is considered in official and diplomatic circles here to be a development of the memorandum proposing the dismantling of merchant ships which Secretary Lansing recently sent to the Entente powers. High officials of the State Department assume that the development broad enough to warrant the claim that the fundamental questions involved in the conduct of submarine warfare have been decided in accordance with the contentions of the United States. This is based on the belief that with Germany and Austria giving notice that they will sink without warning all armed ships, the two governments cannot legally claim the right to sink unarmed vessels. That is the principle for which the United States has so vigorously contended since the beginning of the negotiations over the conduct of submarine warfare.

Americans May Be Warned.
In view of this situation American citizens, it is stated by high authority, now may be warned that they will take passage aboard armed merchant ships at their own risk, and be entitled to no more protection from the United States than if they had embarked upon a belligerent warship. Officials today seemed not to be able to conceive that any issue could arise in the future from a submarine warfare conducted under these rules.

It was said in Teutonic diplomatic circles that the effective date of the instructions was prepared solely for the reason that the Central Powers desired to give enemy merchant ships an opportunity to disarm and so that the Entente Allies might have the chance to make their views conform to the suggestions put forward by the United States in its memorandum. This Memorandum declared it was desirable that merchant ships should be unarmed, and contained an intimation of an intention to regard armed merchantmen which come into American waters as warships.

May Soon Abandon Old Ruling.
It was considered that the Teutonic immediate effect of the notification would be to cause the department to announce more quickly than had been deemed advisable its intention to abandon the old ruling made before German cruisers were driven from the seas which permitted merchant ships to carry arms for defensive purposes.

In the embassies of the Allies here, it was freely stated that, although word had not been received from their governments, not the slightest doubt whether they resisted or not, shipmasters would prefer to take their chances at saving their vessels by fighting if they were unable to escape by flight.

Confronted with the virtual threat of the United States to classify armed merchant ships as war vessels, and New York, Feb. 10.—The Brooklyn National League team today signed Catcher "Chief" Meyers, formerly of the New York Giants. Manager McGraw recently asked waivers of the Indian backstop and all clubs except (Continued on Page Ten.)

NEW BREAKS OCCUR IN ARKANSAS RIVER LEVEE

Materially Relieve Situation Along the Mississippi.

Optimistic Reports Come from Towns in Flooded Area—State Militia in Charge of Refugee Situation at Dermott.

Little Rock, Ark., Feb. 10.—New breaks today in the Arkansas river levees eight miles south of Red Ford and near the mouth of that stream to-night checked the recession of the inland lake which overflows more than 100,000 acres of eastern Arkansas lowlands, but materially relieved the situation along the Mississippi river front, drawing sufficient water from the more important waterway to bring it to a stand.

At Arkansas City the Mississippi river was reported stationary tonight at a stage of 54.4 feet. Helena also reported the river stationary, but the crest of the flood is believed to have reached that point.

T. B. Gilbert, chairman of the Tensas Basin Levee Board, in a dispatch from Arkansas City, expressed the opinion that danger of a break in the Mississippi river embankment was fast passing.

Optimistic reports were received from a number of other towns in the flooded area tonight. State militia has taken charge of the refugee situation at Dermott and a supply of tents from the arsenal here gave shelter to several hundred persons. About 300 refugees are housed in box cars at McGhee.

FOUR KILLED; THREE HURT

Waller at John Hurley's Saw Mill Near Salisbury, N. C., Feb. 10.—Four men were killed and three injured by the explosion of a boiler at John Hurley's saw mill near here today.

New York, Feb. 10.—Robert Tunis, the Harvard player who holds the White Mountain title, was defeated by Paul P. Gould in the opening game of the National Indoor Lawn Tennis championship tournament here today. The score was 6-4, 6-3.

SIMMONS DENIES TWO REPORTS FROM STATE

(Continued From Page One.)

Whether it is advisable to dredge the river in order to make it navigable. Representative Hood has recommended the following rural carriers: Frank Robinson, at Clinton, and Hal J. Foscoe, at Clarke. Mr. Hood also recommended the appointment of Hiram S. Caster as postmaster at Shelton, a new office.

Mr. Wilson told callers today that he did not expect to make any more long trips. However, he said, he might run out of Washington for a day or so and if he decided to do so, he would make a few speeches. Should he decide to make any of these short trips, it is believed North Carolina will have the honor of entertaining him. P. R. A.

NIMITZ HOLDS EDISON COMPANY RESPONSIBLE

(Continued From Page One.)

press desire of the Edison company. He argued that a submarine operating submerged must of necessity ventilate on board if it ventilates at all.

The Edison company was fully aware, counsel declared, that the battery was to be "watered" the day of the accident but that Lieutenant Cook was not warned of danger, if any, of "watering" the battery at the same time it was discharging.

BROADER TRAINING FOR NAVAL MILITIA

(Continued From Page One.)

bilization. These vessels are all considered valuable fighting units by navy experts, despite their age, and they are the craft the reservists, particularly the militia, would be expected to man in time of war.

BASEBALL INTEREST STARTS

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Davidson, N. C., Feb. 10.—In a game of football yesterday afternoon the seniors and freshmen tied, neither side being able to make a score. The only time the ball was carried over the goal was in the first quarter by the freshmen, but the score was not counted on account of a foul play.

Baseball is beginning to occupy the attention of the students. The first practice was held Monday afternoon and regular practice will soon be started.

SAGE TEA TURNS GRAY HAIR DARK

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Bring Color, Lustre and Thickness to Hair When Faded, Strained or Gray.

That beautiful, even shade of dark glossy hair can only be had by drinking a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray, streaked and looks dry, wispy and scraggy, just an application of two of Sage and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundredfold.

Don't bother to prepare the tonic; you can get from any drug store a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" ready to use. This can always be depended upon to bring back the natural color, thickness and lustre of your hair and remove dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair.

Everybody uses "Wyeth's" Sage and Sulphur because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair has disappeared, and after another application it becomes beautifully dark and appears glossy, lustrous and abundant.

SPORTS

GOLDSBORO FANS HUNGRY FOR OLD EAST CAROLINA REVIVAL

If "White Feather" is shown as to Baseball, Others Must Show It.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Feb. 10.—The "old scribe" down in Kinston who penned the article that "there is practically no hope for the re-establishment of the old Eastern Carolina League," must surely have a dreadful midwinter cold not to have smelled the fandom breeze stirring in Goldsboro, even as far down east as the lively little burg of Kinston. If our sister town quill-pusher will invest a few hours in this city, he would find it profitable towards penning a different tale.

Fans in this city are so hungry for the revival of the old league that they can actually taste rawhide in the water they drink. (blind tigers have moved down the line) and many would cancel their orders for new spring suits in order to finance a club.

If the writer is not badly mistaken, Kinston came near with the aid of a nearby sister town, in breaking up the Eastern Carolina League upon one occasion, and we would suggest that her excellent press agent get the idea out of his system that Kinston is the only town in Eastern Carolina which would make it possible for a revival of the circuit.

We also are wondering how Bob Evans, Lawrence Horn and H. I. Crumpler are going to express themselves pertaining to this matter?

There is not one single white feather in this burg and Goldsboro wants baseball.

This is not merely the statement of the writer as a committee of one, but has the backing of many faithful fans in this city. E. R. B.

DOGGERS AND REDS WIN

In Basketball Games at the Boys' Brigade Last Night—The Scores.

W	L	Pct.
Dodgers	5	.533
Reds	3	.500
Seminole	1	.500
Seminole	1	.167

Remits Last Night.

Reds 52, Seminole 37.

Braves 37, Dodgers 44.

Two interesting games of basketball were witnessed in the Boys' Brigade gymnasium last night by a large crowd of spectators, when the Class A teams had their regular weekly meet.

The first game was closed and exciting during the first half, which ended 26 to 25 in favor of the Reds, but in the second half the Seminoles lost wind and the Husky Reds ran away with the game by adding another 26 points to the Seminoles 12 points.

C. W. Davis, captain of the Seminoles, by getting 12 field goals, the greatest number secured by one player in a single game so far. "Happy" Register also scored the valuable three times for the Reds. "Rip" Smith made a good record on foul shots, making good nine out of thirteen chances, for the Seminoles. "Rip" also scored for the Seminoles, but he was unable to show by their hard playing that they are no quitters, and the fans hope they may yet pass up the percentage column a bit.

The second game was close all the way through, the Dodgers having the better of it in the first half by 24 to 17 points, and winning the game by just this difference, for in the second half each team totaled 20 points. There was much pretty passing and general team work on both sides during this contest, and the spectators were kept keyed up from start to finish. In addition to his fast foot work, "Slick" Davis found his mark last night, and secured three goals with a few minutes' play at forward, also two foul goals. Bruce Cameron sustained his record for goal getting, with a total of seven. All the Braves got in on the scoring, Mac Griffith leading with five.

HANSON AND MONTANA WRESTLE FOR \$200 PRIZE THIS EVENING

Second Match Between Local Welterweight and the Big Italian.

Fritz Hanson, of Wilmington, and Bull Montana, of New York, will meet in a finish match at Woolf Hall this evening for a purse of \$200 and 75 per cent of the gate receipts. The two men wrestled here about six weeks ago, when Hanson was the victor, with two falls to Montana's one, but the big Italian says he is in better condition now and he was willing to back his belief in his ability to throw Hanson in the sum of \$100.

Hanson himself is in good condition, and his admirers are confident that he will repeat his former victory over the bull. The fact that only the strangle hold will be barred in the match this evening is not taken by his friends to indicate any disadvantage for Hanson, as they feel sure that with his fast and scientific work he will be able to overcome the handicap of Montana's weight and strength.

While many of the local fans do not admire Montana's style of wrestling, they nevertheless seem always ready to see him work, and judging from the advance sale of seats, the house will be crowded tonight.

WAKE FOREST BEATS GUILFORD

Piles Up Overwhelming Score of 59 to 9 on Home Floor.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Wake Forest, N. C., Feb. 10.—Wake Forest overwhelmed Guilford tonight on the local floor, allowing their basketball team but one field goal in each half, while the Baptists five registered 43 field goals, the final score reading 59 to 9.

The game started out with both quints showing very little form and it took the Baptists about ten minutes to find themselves. From then on it was just a question of time how large the score would be, for Wake Forest scored with regularity the remainder of the game. Capt. Holding's goal tossing featured the contest. The Baptists star forward, during the half 18 times, and by shooting three foul goals brought his contribution to the score up to 11 points. The work of Franks, who brought forth continual applause from the packed galleries.

WHITE TO BE REFEREE

In Scheduled Ten Round Bout Between Willard and Moran March 8.

New York, Feb. 10.—Charley White, of New York, was today selected to referee the ten-round bout between Jess Willard and Frank Moran on March 8. The choice was made by a toss of a coin after the managers of the two heavyweights had eliminated the names of all the proposed referees except White and Jack Skelly. White has a record as referee extending over many years.

New York, Feb. 10.—The Pittsburgh National League team today purchased Harry Moran, a left-handed pitcher, from a Patrick Powers, representing Harry Sinclair. Moran played last season with the Newark Federals.

TRAVEL THE BRIGHT WAY

2 IN 1

Shoe Polishes

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

THE F. F. DALLEY CO. LTD., BUFFALO, N. Y.

ALL STARS ARE WINNERS.

Close and Exciting Game of Basketball at Y. M. C. A. Last Night.

In a very exciting game of basketball last night at the Y. M. C. A. Bob Lewis' All-Star team defeated the fast High School aggregation by the close score of 31 to 30. The game was fast and furious all the way through. For the High School team made 13 points, Griffith 6, Hanby 6 and Monroe 5. The All-Stars made their points in the following order: Shepard 6, Justice 5, Rhodes 6, Rennie 4, Capt. Lewis 6.

Owing to the intense excitement which prevailed when the score was counted Scorer Farmer first gave out the score in favor of the High School, which, however, was an error.

Those playing in the game were as follows: High School—Ruark and Griffith, forwards; Hill, center; Monroe and Hanby, guards. All-Stars—Justice and Rhodes, forwards; Shepard, center; Lewis and Rennie, guards.

RUSSIANS TAKE USCIECKO

Are Again on the Offensive in Galicia—Czernowitza Is Objective.

Petrograd, (via London), Feb. 10.—Developments in the Galician campaign which for a fortnight have been mentioned only briefly in the official statements, figure prominently in today's news. Considerable importance is attached to the occupation of USCIECKO on the Dniester near the Bukovina frontier, which now is securely in Russian hands.

After successfully resisting energetic efforts of the Teutonic forces to break their lines, the Russians have now resumed the offensive. Their object is the capture of Czernowitza, the capital of Bukowina, which it is thought would exert powerful influence on Rumania.

USCIECKO gives the Russians a new and important line of communication and threatens the positions of the Austrians in the region of Czernowitza. Capture of this town is regarded as a decided step in the direction of the Russian goal.

Treat Coughs and Colds At Once

Dangerous Bronchial and Lung Ailments Often Follow Neglected Colds.

Dr. King's New Discovery

Instantly Relieves and Breaks Up the most Stubborn and Hard Colds.

We catch cold because our system has become weakened and finds itself unable to throw off the cold germs. Nature in some cases will effect a cure; but generally, without aid we get worse. How much wiser to help nature fight and expel these cold germs! For

this purpose there is no better remedy than Dr. King's New Discovery. It is composed of Pin Tar mixed with laxatives and healing balsams. It is antiseptic. The instant Dr. King's New Discovery comes in contact with the germs, they die or leave. Your cough lessens, the irritation is soothed, and you begin to get better at once. Don't take the risk of serious sickness. Take Dr. King's New Discovery. In use over 45 years and guaranteed all the time. All druggists.

ONE WOMAN AND 54 MEN GET 'LAWYERS' LICENSE

Three Wilmington Young Men Among Successful Ones.

Miss Lillian Clement, of Asheville, Passes Examination Before Supreme Court—Two Negroes Fall Also—12 Whites.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 10.—Miss Lillian Eum Clement, Asheville, the only lady who applied, is one of 55 who were successful in the examinations before the Supreme Court Monday for licenses to practice law. There were 69 who undertook the examinations. Two were negroes and both failed. The list of the new lawyers announced tonight follows:

Miss Lillian Eum Clement, Asheville; Frank Bickett Ashcraft, Monroe; Emmett Hargrove Bellamy, Wilmington; Clifton Warren Beckwith, Raleigh; Fulton Jones McDuffie, Sanford; Jacob Casteen, Hallsville; Edward Blackman Cox, Wilmington; Harry Barnett Grimley, Greensboro; Thomas Coleman Galloway, Brevard; John Morris Gatling, Windsor; Mark Daniel Clayton, Brevard.

George William Hair, Stedman; Joseph Murphy, Hickory; Marshall Lockhart Mot, Jr.; Wake Forest; Claude Robert Franks, Hiawasse, Ga.; Burrell Raymond Oliver, Apex; Casper Carle Warren, Dunn; Abner Blackman Crumpler, Clinton; Ennis Parker Whitely, Wake Forest; John Baylis Whitely, Wake Forest; James Linberly Wright, Greensboro; Leonidas Folk Dixon, Ore Hill; James Hinton Pou, Jr., Raleigh; Hugh Newton Perry, Mapleville; Clifford Newton Cox, Asheville; Daniel Warwick Burrus, Wilmington; Thomas McPheters Glasgow, Lexington, Va.; Samuel Ernest Douglas, Mt. Gilead; James Lawrence Simons, Shelby; Oscar Newton Lovelace, Shelby; Caleb McGown Land, Carthage; Clinton Kelly Hughes, Asheville; Joseph Lewellyn Cockerham, Lowgap; Arthur Allen McDonald, Lillington; Joseph Burke Gray, Cherokee; Marvin Key Blount, Bethel; Zeb Vance Norman, Plymouth; Robert Thomas Bryan, Jr., Warsaw; Richard Harvey Shuford, Hickory; Walter Bryan House, Dover; Clifton Lindegood Bell, Swan Quarter; Frank Carlton Jones, Plymouth; Thomas Gawthrop Trenchard, Chapel Hill; Ernest Grant Mick, Wadesville; J. Wade Barber, Pittsboro.

Oscar Leach, Raeford; John Daffn Odum, Rocky Mount; Fred Caldwell Hunter, Newell; Harold Van Riper, New York; Parrish Cleveland Gardner, Shelby; William Stronach Wilkinson, Rocky Mount; Thomas Jefferson Cooper, Asheville; Henry Clyde Privette, Statesville; James Conrad Lanier, Greenville.

New York, Feb. 10.—The undated orders of the United States Steel Corporation on January 31, amounted to 7,922,767 tons, according to the monthly statement issued today. This is an increase of 114,547 tons over December.

THE GREAT Take a Hand In It SALE

Opened in a Blaze of Glory—The Crowds Alone Bespeak the "Sale's" Success—The Mercantile Magnet Will Again Draw Them Tomorrow to This Store, Where Bargains are Biggest and Best. Come See the Goods Dance Out to the Tune of Factory Prices.

A FEW OF THE MANY "LIVE WIRES" FOR TOMORROW ONLY, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 12TH.

BLACK HABUTTA SILKS, A 75c. VALUE TOMORROW, FOR	40 IN. \$1.25 SILK POPLINS TOMORROW FOR
50c YARD.	75c YARD.
40 IN. \$1.50 SILK CREPE DE CHINES TOMORROW FOR	"BEDDING'S" GUARANTEED \$1.50 SILKS TOMORROW FOR
\$1.25 YARD.	\$1.25 YARD.
12 1/2c CHECKED DIMITIES TOMORROW, 10 YARDS FOR	10 YARDS SOFT FINISH YARD-WIDE BLEACHING TOMORROW ALL 10 YARDS FOR
75c LIMIT, 10 YARDS.	69c LIMIT 10 YARDS.
10 YARDS OF BEST 10c. GRADE DRESS GINGHAMS TOMORROW ALL 10 YARDS FOR	72x90 HEMMED SHEETS, A 50c. VALUE. TOMORROW THESE SHEETS
69c LIMIT 10 YARDS.	25c LIMIT TO FOUR.

FOR THE NEXT NINE DAYS ALL ROADS LEAD TO WILMINGTON'S "BARGAIN PARK."

C. W. Polvogt Company
WILMINGTON NORTH CAROLINA
"THE HOME OF SOARING QUALITIES; FALLING PRICES."
SALE CLOSES MONDAY, FEBRUARY 21st

DAVID'S

Buy Clothes Now at Our Clearance Price

\$32.50 Suits	... \$27.00	\$21.00 Suits	... \$17.00
\$27.50 Suits	... \$22.50	\$20.00 Suits	... \$16.00
\$25.00 Suits	... \$20.50	\$18.00 Suits	... \$14.00
\$23.50 Suits	... \$19.50	\$16.50 Suits	... \$13.00
\$22.50 Suits	... \$18.50	\$15.00 Suits	... \$11.50

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX CLOTHES, SUITS and OVERCOATS—FALL AND WINTER WEIGHTS—AT END-OF-THE-SEASON PRICES.

Twenty-Five to Fifty Per Cent Reduction On All Boy's Suits and Overcoats

The A. David Company

STETSON HATS

MANHATTAN SHIRTS

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

Some people look well in glasses. Some do not. You think the difference is in the people. But it is probably in the glasses.



OUR EYEGLASSES

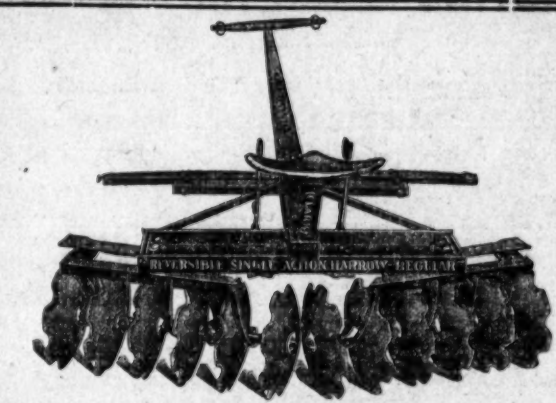
are Always Becoming. While adjusted primarily for comfort, we always use the type, style and also mounting and lenses that experience has taught us will look best in each individual case. Spectacles or Eye Glasses fitted to your eyes for \$1.00 and up.

EYES EXAMINED FREE.

Dr. Vineberg

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Read Star Business Locals.



We have just contracted with the Manufacturers for Prompt Delivery of a Carload of the Celebrated Clark's Cutaway Harrows, of all styles and sizes. We can safely say after forty years' experience in handling Agricultural Implements that these Harrows are absolutely the Best Goods on the Market Today. No Farmer Can Afford to be Without One.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

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Make Home Comfortable Head Off The Cold Spells With a Vortex Heater



A Hatful Of Cheapest Coal Costs One Cent

Lasts Over Night in

THE ORIGINAL Vortex Hot Blast

Guarantee to save you \$16.00 to \$25.00 in fuel every year. Guaranteed to stay tight always. Burns Hard Coal, Soft Coal, Wood or Coke without change of any fixture. A size for every use on hand here.

Come and see them, or write for Catalogue and Prices.

N. JACOBSON

10 and 12 South Front Street

Quickest, Cheapest, Best

Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.

Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel.

Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.

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Church and Surry Streets.

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COAL! BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!

LARGE STOCKS. PROMPT DELIVERY

"LET US SERVE YOU"

W. B. THORPE & CO

PHONE 789.

CHOICE MEATS

TURKEYS, GEESSE, CHICKENS, FAT, FANCY STOCK ONLY. A FULL LINE OF FLORIDA AND HOME GROWN VEGETABLES.

DAVIS & HINTZE

FRONT STREET MARKET.

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

REPRESENTATIVES OF 44 COUNTIES PRESENT

123 Men Are Registered in
Good Roads Institute

The Third North Carolina Road Institute Progressing With Splendid Results—Lectures and Demonstrations Valuable.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Chapel Hill, N. C., Feb. 10.—At noon today 123 delegates from 44 counties in North Carolina and from six other states had registered at the headquarters of the Road Institute in session at the University. Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, State geologist and director of the Road Institute, declared himself well pleased with the attendance and with the increasing interest in the work of the institute shown both among visiting delegates and university students. Dr. Pratt was also delighted at the fact that so large a number of the highway engineers of the State were attending the institute and were taking an active part in the work.

He expects several other delegates to come in for the last two days of the institute, Friday and Saturday. Last year, 83 men from 32 counties attended the road institute.

The general topic for discussion was "Maintenance and Repair of Roads." The morning session was opened by D. H. Winslow, of Washington, D. C., who discussed "Instructions to Patrolmen." Then followed "The Economic Use of Prisoners in Repair and Maintenance of Roads," by H. Hocutt, highway superintendent on Hickory Nut Gap Road; and the "Use of State Prisoners in Road Construction," by H. B. Varner, of Lexington, chairman of the State Prison Board. J. N. Ambler, of Winston-Salem, spoke next on "Essential Qualifications for a Highway Engineer," and at 11:45 a. m. Prof. Collier Cobb discussed "Geology as an Asset to a Highway Engineer." The afternoon was given over to practical demonstrations in the maintenance and use of various road implements.

This evening at 7:30 Hon. John H. Small, congressman from the First North Carolina district, will give an address at the University.

The discussion on Wednesday hinged on the question of "Road Construction." W. S. Fallis, of Raleigh, State Highway Engineer, and R. P. Coble, of Raleigh, were among the Wednesday speakers. Wednesday evening D. H. Winslow gave a very interesting illustrated lecture on "Maintenance of Roads."

Prof. A. D. Williams, of the University of West Virginia, and state highway engineer of West Virginia, gave an excellent talk at the morning session on the "Location of Roads," bringing to the attention of those present a great many points of vital interest and importance in connection with road location, the most important item of road construction.

Mr. W. S. Fallis, State Highway Engineer, opened a discussion on "Steam Shovels" which was followed by statement from Mr. J. B. Clingman, highway engineer for Madison county, giving data as to work accomplished in his county by use of the steam shovel. The discussion of this question by other engineers present brought out some interesting points which will undoubtedly cause a more general appreciation of the benefits which can be obtained by the use of this machine in certain sections and under certain conditions. Professor Williams then took up the discussion of the "Relationship of Superintendents and Engineers to Highway Commissions," and showed conclusively that each has a distinct and important place in the road work, that they were interdependent.

Mr. Winslow, of the United States office of Public Roads, and Mr. Nello Teer, a grading contractor, along with representatives of various machinery companies, then discussed certain types of road machinery. The use of these machines were then demonstrated in the afternoon by Messrs. Mulligan, Carriekhoff, Winslow and Teer. The demonstration of the construction and use of the road drag and road home were received with great interest by those attending the institute and this practical feature will be emphasized each afternoon. A section of the main street of Chapel Hill was worked with the road machine and brought into first class condition, with right crown and slope to ditch.

Mr. Winslow, of the office of Public Roads, gave an illustrated lecture on the "Maintenance of Roads." The picture was of portions of the National Highway which is now under his immediate supervision. He has charge of the maintenance of this highway from Petersburg, Va., to Fayetteville, N. C., and is carrying it out through the patrol system. This system is comparatively new to North Carolina and the success which it has attained on this highway is of great interest to commissioners and engineers who are seeking an efficient system of maintenance for their counties and townships.

BIDS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE OVER WALDEN CREEK.

To be Called for—Brunswick Jury List.
Saw Mill Burned.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Southport, N. C., Feb. 10.—The county commissioners, after a two and one-half days' session of hearings from complaining tax-payers of being listed too high, managed to transact a pretty fair amount of regular business. The most important matter was to order that bids be asked for the construction of a bridge over Walden creek, on the new highway between this city and Wilmington, which passes through the borders of Orton and Kendall plantations.

The jury for the March term of Brunswick Superior court was drawn, those from Northwest township being S. W. Edwards, W. B. Roberts, W. H. Gaylord, from Town Creek: Lindsay Walker, D. G. Lewis, W. D. Lewis, S. A. Potter, J. T. Hickman, W. R. Selmer, G. M. McKeithan.

About 5 P. M. yesterday a thunder, lightning and rain storm passed over this section, the storm being more like a summer storm than a winter one. It was very unusual.

The Southport Lumber Company, operating two portable saw mills cutting timber a few miles north of here, had the misfortune to lose one mill Tuesday night by fire. How the fire originated is not learned. The company also had a loss a few days ago of a very valuable horse.

Dosher-St. George received a consignment of shrimp from St. Marys, Ga., which came by express, barreled, and the shrimp "skinned" so that all that had to be done here was to clean, cook and can, a matter of a few hours.

DR. L. R. WILSON TAKEN TO ASHEVILLE TO RECUPERATE

University Librarian Suffers Breakdown—His Lungs Weak.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Chapel Hill, N. C., Feb. 10.—Dr. L. R. Wilson, librarian of the University and chairman of the faculty committee on University Extension, was taken to Asheville Tuesday afternoon after a sickness of two or three weeks. Grippe and a slight touch of pneumonia attacking his already weakened lungs left him in a such a condition that the University physicians advised an indefinite rest. Accompanying Dr. Wilson was his brother, Dr. R. N. Wilson, professor of chemistry in Trinity College. Dr. Wilson's condition may be partly attributed to a nervous breakdown resulting from overwork. Though a man of extraordinary mental ability, his physical condition has for the past few years been very poor. As University librarian, chairman of the extension committee and general director of the University extension work, and editor of the Alumni Review, he occupies a position of responsibility at the University second only to President Graham.

SOCIETY MATRONS PERTURBED BY CHARGE TO GRAND JURY.

Indict Every Woman Who Plays Cards for Booty, Says Judge.

Madisonville, Ky., Feb. 9.—Society matrons of Madisonville were perturbed today over instructions delivered to the Hopkins county grand jury to investigate all bridge parties and "indict every woman, no matter who she is, if she is caught playing cards for booty." "The bridge card table is the ruin of many boys," said Judge Clark Henderson, who delivered the charge, "and that card table is in the home." He spoke of the influence society women exercise on the city, and directed the jury "to stop this crime."

DAVIDSON STUDENTS ATTEND VOLUNTEER CONVENTION TODAY

Movement Started for Y. M. C. A. in the Town of Davidson.

Davidson, N. C., Feb. 10.—The annual convention of the Student Volunteer Union of North Carolina will be held at the State Normal College at Greensboro February 11-13. Davidson has one of the largest bands in the world, and quite a number expect to attend. Among this number are W. C. Worthing, W. C. Cumming and E. R. McClure. J. A. Thames and W. C. Rourke, while

For 75c—Next Week Only

Plus Five Trademarks from Quaker Oats Packages, Standard Size
or Plus Two Trademarks from Quaker Oats Packages, Large Size

This Quaker Cooker

We have supplied perfect double Cookers to over 700,000 homes, to make Quaker Oats more delightful. They are made to our order to bring out the fullness of the flavor and aroma.

Such a Cooker as this, if sold at retail, would cost more than most homes would pay. But our purpose requires it in every home where Quaker Oats are used, so we ourselves supply it.

Our purpose is this: To create more Quaker Oats users, by making this the best-loved morning dish.

To this end, we use queen grains only in this brand—just the big, plump grains. We get but ten pounds per bushel. That means that two-thirds of the oats as they come to us are discarded in making Quaker Oats. The result is large, luscious flakes. They make this dish doubly-delicious. Yet they cost you no extra price.

These flavory flakes have won the world to Quaker. In a hundred nations this is the favorite brand. Millions of oat lovers send thousands of miles to get it.

Our next object is right cooking, and we offer this Cooker to every home to attain it. But we supply only one to a home.

Get this Cooker next week under this special offer. You want children to delight in this vim-food. You want them to eat an abundance. The way to attain that is to serve Quaker Oats cooked in this Quaker Cooker.



Pure Aluminum
Made to Our Order
Extra Large and Heavy
Cereal Capacity, 2½ Qts.
Retail Value, \$2.50

Next Week 75c—But No Longer

Next week's offer is this: Send us five trademarks—the picture of the Quaker—cut from the fronts of five Quaker Oats packages, standard size, or two from the large size. Send with them only 75 cents, check or money order preferred, and we will send the Cooker by parcel post, prepaid.

For one week—for next week—we reduce the cash payment considerably. For 75c you get this big Aluminum Cooker.

But this offer will not be repeated. No requests will be honored unless mailed next week.

Note the grocers who have displays of Quaker Oats featuring the Quaker Cooker. Learn about the Cooker and, if you approve, arrange next week to get it. Please don't forget.

This Offer is Confined to This County

Address—The Quaker Oats Company, 1708 Railway Exchange, Chicago

These Grocers Next Week

Feature the Quaker Cooker

W. M. Atkinson, 22 South Front street.
Benson & Dicksey, corner Second and Castle streets.
Dan. Benton, 408 South Fourth street.
B. B. Bryan & Co., 507 North Fourth street.
C. H. Bornemann, Seventh and Orange streets.
C. S. Britt, southwest corner Seventh and Grace streets.
H. T. Duls, 715 Chestnut street.
Carolina Store Co., 1620 Market street.
H. M. Gant, Ninth and Red Cross streets.
C. D. Gore, Ninth and Orange streets.
J. G. Ittner, 1608 Market street.
M. J. Jackson, Fifth and Castle streets.
H. C. Knowles, southeast corner Fifth and Queen streets.
John G. Kuhlken & Co., corner Sixth and Bladen streets.
A. Lavine, 1101 Market street.
J. W. Lewis, Thirteenth and Castle streets.
M. T. Madrin, 925 North Fourth street.

G. W. Malpass, Fourth and Nixon streets.
E. T. Mason, 622 South Third street.
May Brothers, 24 North Front street.
R. A. Montgomery, corner Eighth and Princess streets.
H. B. Michaelis, southwest corner Fourth and Castle streets.
R. B. Moore, Third and Castle streets.
T. J. Overby, Front and Wright streets.
C. R. Pape, Seventh and Chestnut streets.
C. J. Reeves & Co., corner Fifth and Wright streets.
The Sanitary Grocery Store, S. W. corner Tenth and Market streets.
P. G. Sellers, 521 South Front street.
C. E. Smith & Co., corner Fifth and Swann streets.
Tripp Grocery, No. 6 Market street.
J. T. Turlington, 1106 South Third street.
M. Von Oesen, corner Sixth and Red Cross streets.
Henry Wentzensen, Tenth and Princess streets.
Walton Brothers, 802 Grace street.

How do they wait for YOU?

HOW about your wife? Does she listen for your home-coming footsteps and anxiously wonder if you are sober? And your children. As you open the door do they run to you or are they afraid?



There would be no doubt of your glad welcome home if your craving for strong drink were gone. Happiness or sorrow, which do you choose?

At Greensboro, N. C., four weeks of the Keeley Treatment will take away all your desires for liquor without suffering or confinement or any humiliation. And more! There is a spirit of sympathy and comradeship about the place that helps and gives the backing a man needs. Take the case of C. E. Brady of Conover, N. C. who writes: "Before I went to you I was a physical wreck from whiskey and cigarettes, and almost lost my life. My nerves reached me I weighed only 130 lbs. and did not know what a good night's rest was. Now, three years after taking the Treatment, I am a picture of health, weight 185 lbs., my nerves are steady and I sleep like a child. And better still—my home is once more a happy place."

The Keeley Institute of Greensboro has a record of nearly ten thousand cases treated and over 90% of these cured. It is a record that is a marvel in medical history. Write us about your case now—frankly and in confidence.

**The Keeley
Institute**
Greensboro, North Carolina
W. H. O'Brien, Pres. C. E. Conover, Mgr.

not members of the band, expect to be in Greensboro during the convention. At a meeting of the laymen of the Presbyterian church here, plans were started for the organization of a local Y. M. C. A. Such an organization will mean much for the town.

FORTY PARENTS FACE TRIAL Charged With Violation of Compulsory School Attendance Law.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Kinston, N. C., Feb. 10.—Forty parents and guardians of Kinston children face trial in the police court here Saturday for failure to comply with the compulsory education law. Charges were brought by Superintendent of schools Barron Caldwell. It is said that all the defendants failed to comply with a warning issued by the school authorities. The majority of them are colored. Public school teachers may be called upon for evidence. The recorder states that the law does not fix any punishment other than taxing convicted persons with the costs.

DEATHS AT MOUNT OLIVE

Grim Reaper Claims Mr. J. F. Essell and Mrs. Lou Lewis.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Mount Olive, N. C., Feb. 10.—Remains of J. F. Essell, whose death occur-

red at his home here Tuesday afternoon, were interred in the local cemetery Wednesday afternoon. Deceased had been in feeble health for two or three years past, tuberculosis being his chief ailment.

Mrs. Lou Lewis, wife of Charles

Lewis, died at her home near here Tuesday afternoon, following a brief illness with pneumonia. Her husband and seven small children, as well as other near relatives, survive. Interment took place in the local cemetery Wednesday afternoon.

JUST RECEIVED

Car load Maxwell Cars, selling for . . . \$ 655.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Studebaker Cars . . . 1,050.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Studebaker 4 cyl . . . 885.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Hudson, 6 cyl . . . 1,350.00 F. O. B. Detroit

We have some good values in used cars, and anything in the accessory line. We also carry the famous Pennsylvania Tires, that are guaranteed for 6,000 miles, adjustments on casing, if any, made right here in our office. It will pay to use this tire. For fast and lasting service, phone 514.

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., Inc.
114 NORTH SECOND ST.

Symphony Lovers

A JOY IN THE WRITING, A PLEASURE TO READ. WRITING DE LUXE. ALL SIZES, COLORS AND PRICES. SOLD ONLY AT

The Rexall Store

ELVINGTON and MINTZ
Dependable Druggists

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.
206 PRINCESS STREET.

BRICK, LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, SHINGLES,
LATHS, PIPE, ROOFING, FIRE BRICK, METAL
LATHS, HYDRATED LIME, ETC.

All Orders Receive Our Prompt and Best Attention.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the
postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under
Act of Congress, March 3, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except on Sundays and public holidays. It is published at the rate of 10 cents per copy in advance, 15 cents per copy on delivery. For six months, \$4.50; for three months, \$2.50; for one month, \$1.00. Single copies, 10 cents. The Sunday Star, published by mail, one year, \$10.00; six months, \$6.00; three months, \$3.50.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Ordinary sketches, cards of thanks, communications, notices of marriages, deaths, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much as may be of new value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONE: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local Rooms, No. 61. COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news of public interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable, every other way they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal notes for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

FRIDAY, FEB. 11, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING

Faith shares the future's promise;
Love's self-offering is a triumph won;
And each good thought or action moves
The dark world nearer to the sun.

—WHITTIER.

We don't expect everything to be
unpleasant.

Look how easy it is for war ex-
peditions to run into Norfolk!

Senator LaFollette had too much
fope and so it was that the usual
thing happened to him.

Uncle Hiram says he knows some
mighty good folks but it is no sign
that all of them have good sense at
times like these.

Mars is approaching nearer to the
earth, but if he can see, he is liable
to think the earth is pulling off its
greatest war in his honor.

Colonel Roosevelt's speeches are all
on the same subject. In each he adds
just a little more to what he has often
said about President Wilson.

Some members of the Ford peace veg-
e propose to take to the lecture
platform. With some people peace is
more of a meal ticket than a conviction.

Now and then a man ruins his own
political chances. A Georgia mayor de-
clares that he is going to enforce the
law. He has no idea how unpopular
that would make him.

A Pennsylvania paper says a fellow
whose eye was injured by a loaded
cigar, won by him at a festival, is suf-
fering for damages. This shows that
fools still think it is fun to hand a
boob a loaded cigar.

The earthquake shock in the Panama
Canal zone on the 8th inst. did no
damage to the locks and dams of the
waterway. However, the center of the
disturbance was Los Santos province,
right in the neighborhood.

Says the Charleston News and Cou-
rier: "It's all right to have the Gulf
stream come in closer in winter, but
what about the good old summer time?"
Well, they tell us that the ocean
air currents follow the Gulf Stream.

New York had 246 homicides in 1915.
That seems shocking, but, in propor-
tion to population, North Carolina had
a much more shocking record last
year. It is time to look into this
grave matter. We must neither be
sensitive as to the truth nor afraid
to speak out about it.

In a speech in New York on Tuesday
night, former President Taft declared
that the seeming good luck of the
United States, which takes national
preparedness more or less seriously,
proves that "Heaven looks after chil-
dren, imbeciles and the United States."
He thinks it is time for us, however,
to give some thought to our responsi-
bility.

ROUSERS FOR ROWS.

One old soldier has been discharged
from the Confederate Soldiers' Home
at Raleigh because he was so naturally
constituted that the only time there
was peace and tranquility in the insti-
tution was when he was sound asleep.
When he waked in the morning he took
it on himself to breed trouble, pick
quarrels, start quarrels, stir up strife
and indulge in riotous conduct towards
the inmates and even the superintendent.
He was equipped with a self-
starter and he kept it busy from morn-
ing till night. Recently the Home has
been in a state of mild insurrection
and insubordination. Governor Craig
and others high up in authority had to
take a hand and they came to the con-
clusion, after thorough investigation,
that the only way to give the insti-
tution a rest was to send the belligerent
veteran back to his home.

It really is a melancholy idea that
one old fellow should be held to such
strict account for the disturbances that
he could create with little or no raw

material to work upon. They say he
has actually "scandalized" the Home
and that sooner or later the whole
State, if not the Nation, would have
dipped into the row. We wonder if
those authorities examined into the re-
sponsibility of the old soldier before it
was decided to eliminate him as a dis-
turber.

He is by no means in a class to him-
self. There are others. In every com-
munity and even in households there
are those who can be counted upon to
start a flash in the pan most any old
time. There are "one dips," and pos-
sibly many of them are totally ir-
responsible for "starting something."

Dr. W. S. Rankin, secretary of the
State Board of Health, said something
when he recommended that the Sol-
diers' Home should be organized along
hospital lines. That suggestion ought
to be adopted without delay, because
there is no telling what attention the
aged veterans may require almost at
any moment. There are times when
people need a physician's care instead
of the institutional rule of the best of
laymen. A close examination of all the
not spurs might show that they are
not all Ramsey Sniffles, nor yet self-
installed members of the Free, Ancient
and Unacceptable Order of Fire Brands.

Suavity possibly may be a rare of
treason, but perpetual belligerence
certainly is a sign of something or other
out of the ordinary.

A GREAT FACTOR IN OUR COMMUNITY LIFE

This is the final and, under the cir-
cumstances, the most important day of
the campaign of the Wilmington Young
Women's Christian Association for
subscriptions to make up the annual
budget. The requirements for the year
amount to \$4,000, including payment
on building and addition to building.

The aim of the campaign was to raise
the \$4,000 in four days. Three of the
days have passed and the campaign
thus far has been successful, in a large
measure, but much depends upon the
results of this last big day of the
campaign.

Many have contributed during the
three days and doubtless many others
are ready to contribute today. When
we contribute to the Y. M. C. A. we
ought to do it cheerfully and recognize
it as an opportunity to do a duty we
owe to ourselves and our community
more than to the association. We
ought to contribute as a manifestation
of our gratefulness to those who do
the work, while we only furnish them
something to keep the magnificent
work going along in Wilmington.

Why support the Y. M. C. A.? "By
their fruits ye shall know them." The
recent annual meeting was designed to
show, in a convincing way, why it is
necessary for the association to have
\$4,000, what it purposes to do with it,
and why that sum will be in the na-
ture of a splendid investment for
Wilmington.

The Y. M. C. A. serves as a clearing
house of information, an employ-
ment agency for young women, carry-
ing forward an amplified programme
of religious study and service, con-
ducting a gymnasium course, shelter-
ing and correlating a number of whole-
some social activities, securing proper
homes for employed girls, providing
a rest room, providing literature,
teaching embroidery, shorthand and
bookkeeping, millinery, basketry,
dressmaking, etc. These but suggest
the wide reach of an effort in behalf
of true culture, physical, mental and
moral development, guardianship, com-
panionship and wholesome stimulation,
which has taken under its beneficent
influence hundreds of young girls of
the community. It is a growing work,
demonstrating by constant increase a
growing vitality and a unity of high
purpose.

Wilmington could not and would not
be without the Young Women's
Christian Association, and by no
means consent to the discontinuance
of any one of its manifold activities.
The conditions under which we live
in this good time tend more and more
all the while toward interdependence
and mutual help. So often it is nec-
essary to remind people of the re-
quirements of community work, so of-
ten it is necessary to call upon the
individual for his contribution to the
things that are necessary for the wel-
fare of the whole, that we are wont
to complain of a series of impositions,
as if these various mutual enterprises
were but a lot of impertunate charges
in a community and upon the commu-
nity. As is quite natural, we are prone
to forget the real nature and purpose
of these institutions, and that as a
people we have created them to meet
conditions and to do very definite com-
munity work. Probably the Y. W.
C. A. is the one Wilmington institution
which receives the most cheerful, the
most enthusiastic support, and to
which there is the least begrudged
giving.

For not only are the results splen-
did, but the women in this work dem-
onstrate an economy that is essentially
feminine, securing the maximum of re-
sult out of every dollar that is en-
trusted to them for these purposes.
They are ever modest in presenting
their claims. As an organization they
are ever ready to give place to other
meritorious causes and they are ever
ready to do their utmost to assist other
civil enterprises working toward the
same general purpose.

The community owes to the Y. W.
C. A. this pledge of the necessary sup-
port for the year, and it is an obliga-
tion that rests in part upon each of
us as individuals, whether we be able
to give much or but little. We should
give it promptly, even today, and give
it to these good women, along with it,
our thanks for the things they are do-
ing for the community that are above
any price in money.

A STATE OF VAST OPPORTUNITY.

The New Bern Sun-Journal notes
that North Carolina has 22,000,000 acres
of idle land. That is uncultivated land
enough for 1,000,000 farms of 22 acres
each, or 500,000 farms of 44 acres, or
220,000 farms of 100 acres. It is a
vast area, rich in resources and possi-
bilities, and contemplation of it moves
our New Bern contemporary to remark:

"Already this State is one of the
richest in the Union and if about 25
per cent of this uncultivated land could
be put to work, our wealth would in-
crease by leaps and bounds. This is a
matter that should be given serious
consideration and one that should
make every true Tar Heel sit up and
take notice and endeavor to do his
part in cutting down these idle acres."

There really is no need of cutting
down these acres for our own use, for
we have millions of cleared acres with
which we are demonstrating the great
value of those uncleared. What we
should do is to see to it that thrifty
homesteaders shall know the great op-
portunity in these idle lands for them.
They not only do not know that there
is such a vast area open to settlement,
but they do not know of any induc-
ements that might bring them to North
Carolina as settlers.

There are great opportunities for us
in our own lands if we will utilize
them properly. We are buying hay by
the carload from the West or from the
North, or from Canada, and making
the opportunities good there for people
who raise hay for us. We can and
ought to make our own hay. In the
Superior court at New Bern this week,
Mr. T. W. Holton, of Bridgeton, got a
verdict for \$346 against railroad com-
panies for the loss of a carload of hay
which had been shipped to him by a
Western concern. Mr. Holton's suit
was against the Louisville & Nashville,
the Norfolk & Western and the Nor-
folk Southern railroads. Three rail-
road systems would have gotten a
whack at the freight charges on that
hay had it been delivered, but they
will have to settle it among themselves
as to which will pay Mr. Holton that
\$346.

We have a tremendous market for
hay in North Carolina, and if we only
saved the freight on the hay we save to
the State would amount to a veritable
mint of money. This hay part of it
shows that there are hay opportuni-
ties here for us, or that they are here
for people who will come here and
grow hay.

DR. CHAPMAN AND MR. ALEX- ANDER—WHO ARE THEY?

Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, who will
shortly begin a series of meetings here,
was born of well-to-do parents in
Richmond, Ind. His father always took
time to conduct family worship, and
his mother was a devout, highly edu-
cated woman. When Dr. Chapman was
12 years old his mother died, leaving
five children, of whom he was the eldest.
When he was 19 years of age, in his
third year in college, his father met
financial reverses and he was forced
wards. Dr. Chapman sold his books
papers to meet the expenses of his final
year in college.

While attending college he went to
Chicago to hear D. L. Moody, and dur-
ing an interview with Mr. Moody he
had a fresh vision of the call of Christ.
He graduated from the theological
seminary at the age of 23, and for one
year was pastor at Liberty, Ind. Then
he was invited to the pulpit of the
Schuylerville Reformed church of New
York State, leaving his two years in
that town his work became prominent.
The first Reformed church at Albany
hearing of his success called him as
pastor. They had been two years in
looking for a suitable man and had heard
110 candidates, but they called Dr.
Chapman, who was only 25 years old.
The official board of the church refused
to let the young pastor introduce San-
key's popular hymns into the church.
Dr. Chapman sought Mr. Moody, who
advised him to have two hymns print-
ed on cards and to sing them every
Sunday morning for prayer with an at-
tendance of 500 to 800 men.

He urged his fellow ministers to
preach the gospel with no uncertain
sound, but they intimated that if he
had an aristocratic church he wouldn't
dare do as he was doing.

His work became so large and so
many calls came from outside places
that he resigned to give all his time
to evangelistic work. For three years
he served in this calling and then re-
turned to his native land to serve as
pastor another three years.

The Fourth Presbyterian church of
New York City persuaded him to be-
come its pastor. This was one of New
York's rich churches with a member-
ship of about 100. He felt that this
would be an opportunity to prove that
the evangelistic principles would reach
the rich as well as the middle classes.
Soon the church was crowded and
thronged were turned away.

John H. Converse, president of the
Baldwin Locomotive Works, offered
\$25,000 a year for a modern evangelis-
tic movement, and Dr. Chapman was
chosen to head the simultaneous meet-
ings. In Pittsburgh 100 churches joined
in 10 centers, and a daily paper, af-
ter sending a representative to each
center, stated that 40,000 persons at-
tended the meetings in one night, and
that 2,500 persons accepted Christ.

Dr. Chapman has conducted cam-
paigns all over America, Australia and
Great Britain. He is a quiet, dis-
creet, unassuming man, with a simple
verbal description of his trouble, but
he never neglects to corroborate or
disprove any tentative conclusions he
may have reached, and of course that
means a careful examination. No
one knows better than the skilled
physician himself the utter peridy
of subjective symptoms, uncontrolled
by objective tests. As we have re-
peatedly observed in this column,
there are some ninety-odd different
conditions which, in the patient's

study music, finally becoming a pro-
fessor in the college. Then he decided
to give his musical gifts to God. He
entered the Moody Bible Training
School in Chicago, and Dr. Torrey sent
him out to lead the singing in the
slum services. During the Chicago
World's Fair, Mr. Moody conducted a
Gospel campaign, and Mr. Alexander
led the singing at the religious ser-
vices in many theatres and places of
amusement.

When he graduated he joined M. B.
Williams for eight years. Then he and
Dr. Torrey conducted campaigns in
Australia, Scotland and England. For
two months he conducted the song ser-
vice in the Royal Albert Hall, London,
a building seating 10,000. In 1904,
during a campaign in Birmingham,
England, he noticed a young woman
who was greatly interested in the
singing and troubled. He became much
interested in her and later she became
Mrs. Alexander. She is a cultured,
whole-souled woman, enthusiastic in
her husband's work.

Mr. Alexander has been with Dr.
Chapman eight years, having taught
in Australia, India, China, Korea,
Canada and the United States.

SCHOOL SYSTEM "TOP-HEAVY."

To the Editor of The Star:
Our school system seems top-heavy
to me.

We should first teach morals and
then industry, and then book knowl-
edge. If a child has good parents,
they will start it off right, morally;
and then if we have the right kind of
Sunday school teachers, they, with
the preachers, will continue their
moral training. But all the moral
training that you can give will not do
much good if the child is not deter-
mined not to work and does not work regu-
larly. It will lose all the effects of
moral training.

It seems to me that we had better
leave off the dead languages, like Latin
and Greek, and also higher mathemat-
ics, say beyond arithmetic, and put the
money we spend on them into work
shops and teach the boys to work in
them, and the girls how to cook and
keep house, typewriting, etc. A promi-
nent teacher of one of our interior
towns said, the average country boy
would do 15 per cent more in his books
than the average city boy; and I think
that is because he has been raised to
labor, while the city boy has not been
given the work to do. When the city
boy gets out of school about the first
of June he can get work if he wants it,
and there is nothing for him to do but
go on the street and get into more or
less mischief. Why can't he get work?
No one wants to hire a green boy only
three or four months, but wants him for
regular and steady service for years,
or he does not want him at all. The
manufacturing establishments and busi-
ness houses all, as a rule, prefer to
hire the country boy who has been
reared to work; rather than the city
boy, who has not.

A boy who has never worked until
he is 16 years old, as a rule, will never
work, if he can possibly help it. Our
good people who are so afraid children
will be killed by being put to work too
young, might look at a certain 69 year
old man who commenced work when six
years old and has been working ever
since, and I think will compare in
health and strength along with other
people of his age. Six years may be
too young to start to labor, but 14 or 16
is too old to start.

A good many of our old notions, that
it was a disgrace to work and that we
should never do a lick of work we could
have some one else to do for us, are not
dead yet, but the sooner we get rid of
them the better.

No man should ever marry a woman
who has not a good moral character
and who has not been reared to work
and understand it is a honor to work
and a disgrace to be idle; neither should
a woman marry a man who has not
these traits.

When a man begins to think of mar-
riage, he should first consider if the wo-
man will make a good mother for his
children and if she has no morals and
industry well developed, she is not ca-
pable of making a good mother. Of
course, she should have education, so
that she can teach her children to read,
and she should be able to save, and she
should not be niggardly stingy, but we should
save something all through life; save
something, no spend all we make.

If one should save 10 cents per day
for 20 years, placing it at 5 per cent,
compound interest, he would have over
\$1,200.00. We all can do this, if not all
nearly all.

Let us look at things in a common

Health Talks

BY WILLIAM BRADY, M.D.

When The Doctor Laughs

THE DOCTOR who laughs is a crime
and a godsend. His good humor is
poisonous to some natures; uplifting
to others. It all depends upon the oc-
casion. There is a place for every-
thing. Take yourself, for instance. If
we feebly attempt to inject a smile
now and then some of our readers
bitterly resent the undignified char-
acter of our remarks, and others
don't; those who don't, write us, but
those who do, write the editor, saying
"A physician in practice should re-
serve his laughter for appropriate oc-
casions. If a patient consults him
about some trouble which seems
trivial or imaginary, let him pre-
serve a serious mien and examine
that patient so thoroughly that noth-
ing can escape his searching eyes,
ears and hands. Then, if the trouble
proves unfounded, let him laugh with
the patient. That is where the doc-
tor's laugh is good medicine. But if
the doctor sits in his swivel chair
and just divines the nature of the
complaint, and then attempts to
laugh it away, that laughter is
poison and the doctor is a good one
to keep away from.

Diagnosis by divination is alto-
gether too popular with some prac-
titioners. The competent physician
properly places great value upon a
careful history of the patient's
verbal description of his trouble, but
he never neglects to corroborate or
disprove any tentative conclusions he
may have reached, and of course that
means a careful examination. No
one knows better than the skilled
physician himself the utter peridy
of subjective symptoms, uncontrolled
by objective tests. As we have re-
peatedly observed in this column,
there are some ninety-odd different
conditions which, in the patient's

REHDER'S WHITE SALE Commences Monday, February 7

A Great Money-Saving Opportunity Offered to the People of Wilmington. Considerable and Careful Attention Has Been Given to the Inauguration of this Great Event, and Our Stock is Full and Complete, With the Season's Very Newest and Best Values in White Goods.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S READY- MADE UNDERMUSLINS.	15c. value, 36-inch Costume Linen; fine quality
\$1.25 value Ladies' Underskirts.	111-2c
Ladies' 58c. Night Gowns	
Ladies' 69c. Drawers	
Ladies' \$1.00 and \$1.25 Crepe Gowns, with neat figures	
36-inch Oxford Skirting, new cloth for Spring; extra good values, yard	
Sea Island Homespun, fine finish, yard wide; yard	

J. H. Rehder & Co.

CAFARE PAID ON PURCHASES OF \$2.00 OR MORE.

STOCK TAKING INVENTORY SALE MODERN SUITS and OVERCOATS

Here is an Opportunity Greater Than This City Has Seen in a Good Many Years, and the Greatest That We Have Known in our Long Experience. This is a Chance to Buy at Low Reductions in Our Men's Suits and Overcoats, which You May Not See Again.

Value, \$28.00, at \$21

MEN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

\$28.00 Suit or Overcoat \$21.00

\$27.00 Suit or Overcoat 20.25

\$25.00 Suit or Overcoat 18.75

\$22.00 Suit or Overcoat 16.50

\$18.00 Suit or Overcoat 13.50

BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

\$10 Boys' Suits or Overcoats \$7.50

\$ 8 Boys' Suits or Overcoats 6.00

\$ 7.50 Suits or Overcoats 5.62

\$6.50 Suits or Overcoats 4.88

\$ 6 Boys' Suits or Overcoats 4.50

MEN'S PANTS.

\$7.50 Men's Pants \$5.62

\$6.50 Men's Pants 4.88

\$6.00 Men's Pants 4.50

MEN'S PANTS.

\$5.00 Men's Pants \$3.75

\$4.00 Men's Pants 3.00

\$3.00 Men's Pants 2.25

Included Are the Most Popular Models and Fabrics Produced This Season. Each and Every Garment You'll Find Exclusive, Snappy and Stylish. The Prices Quoted are Attributable Solely to Our Policy of Giving Our Customers the Lowest Prices.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

OUR ARE THE PRETTIEST IN TOWN. CALL AND MAKE YOUR SELECTION EARLY.

Valentines! Valentines!!

OURS ARE THE PRETTIEST IN TOWN. CALL AND MAKE YOUR SELECTION EARLY.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

101 Princess St. Phone 651.

Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee hope that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.

Star Business Locals Get Results

MADAME VAN DE ZANDE IS WARNED BY BELGIUM

Regarding Business Affiliations With German Baron

Belgian Operatic Star, Who Formerly Lived in Wilmington, Has Trouble With Government Officials at Atlanta, Ga.

That neutrality complications have resulted from the contract of Madame Van De Zande, the Belgian operatic star, who formerly lived in Wilmington and is well known in this section, and Karl von Lawrens, a German nobleman, who is a prominent musician in Atlanta, is the interesting news contained in an article in Wednesday's Atlanta Constitution. Madame Van De Zande, since she left Wilmington last summer, has been singing in many of the prominent Southern cities and at the present time is residing in Atlanta.

It will be remembered that the Belgian singer with her husband came to Wilmington more than a year ago and for a while lived at Bolton. They were refugees and came to this country soon after the beginning of the European war. Madame Van De Zande sang at Wrightsville Beach on several occasions last summer and also appeared on several occasions at entertainments in this city. She made many friends during her residence here who will be interested in the following from The Constitution:

"Atlanta is now the scene of the latest neutrality complications, while Karl von Lawrens, the prominent musician, and Madame Van De Zande, the Belgian operatic star, now living at 125 East Eleventh street, are the central figures.

No definite steps have been taken in the situation, but the future promises interesting developments. The case of the difficulty is Madame Van De Zande's professional affiliations with Von Lawrens, a German nobleman by rank, but a resident of America for seventeen years.

Foreign representatives voice suspicion of Von Lawrens' neutrality. Foreign agents have also charged that



MME. VAN DE ZANDE.

the operatic singer is aligned with the orchestra leader for purposes of espionage. Dr. F. E. May, French consul, has barred Madame Van De Zande from his office, and is keeping the Belgian minister in Washington in constant touch with her actions.

She has two brothers-in-law on the official staff of the Belgian army and the Belgian authorities have sought to sever her connections with the German musician and booking agent. In this respect, however, the rumor that Atlanta representatives of the allies have endeavored to intercept correspondence between Madame Van De Zande and her relatives at the front, is denied.

The singer has been threatened with deprivation of her passports to return to Belgium, and Belgian officials have been emphatic in warning her that if she returned to her native country she would face prosecution on the European law that forbids affiliation of any character with a native of a hostile nation in time of war.

Her husband, Emil Van De Zande, recently encountered trouble in Wilmington when he appeared before the Belgian minister, Count Havelin, with a request for permission to tour the country lecturing on Belgium. He was denied on the grounds of his wife's connections with the Atlantic German.

The question was first opened by Leon De Waele, Belgian consul to New Orleans, who is said to have caused Madame Van De Zande much difficulty recently when she went to New Orleans to fill a concert engagement. Count De Waele's attention was attracted to her case by the name of Von Lawrens as her director on lithographs and other advertising materials.

He communicated with Dr. May in Atlanta and the latter started an investigation, which was later taken up with Washington. It developed that the Belgian minister in Washington was, at the same moment, investigating the husband of Madame Van De Zande in regard to his wife's professional affiliation with the German musician.

Madame Van De Zande is staying with Mr. W. H. Allen at 115 East Eleventh street, has been booked in many of the Southern most important cities by Von Lawrens, who, in connection with the orchestra agency, operates a booking organization. In time he has to make Atlanta with such stars as McCormack, Malba, Kubelik, and other famous artists. Madame Van De Zande is booked with Herr Halldan Johansen, the Norwegian violinist.

Files turned over to 14 Days Drugists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding, or Pustulating Files. First application gives relief. 50c.

PERMIT FOR BOARD GRANTED

Council Votes to Allow Erection of Signboard Because It Had No Authority to Stop It.

In view of the fact that the city attorney had ruled that under the laws of the State, Council had no authority to stop the erection of a large signboard at Twelfth and Market streets permission was given yesterday to the Wilmington Bill Poster Company to put up the board, rather reluctantly, at a special meeting of the City Fathers.

Mr. F. M. Comes, manager for the Wilmington Bill Poster Company, was present and declared he had no desire to force the signboard on the people in that section of the city, and if there was any substantial reason against having it that it would be removed. J. O. Carr, Esq., was present to represent Mr. Comes and agreed with City Attorney Ruark that the ordinance prohibiting the erection of a signboard within 165 feet of a church or school house was invalid. Those protesting against its erection did so because of its close proximity to the Isaac Bear Memorial school.

Councilman Merritt, Hall and Bunting voted to give permission in view of the ruling of the city attorney that they had no authority to do otherwise, while Councilman McCaig voted against it. As under the city laws it takes four votes to carry any motion, this would have meant that the motion was lost. In view of the fact that if the matter should be taken to the courts it would mean that the city would be sure to lose, Councilman McCaig changed his vote although he thought that the signboard should not be placed there.

Col. Walker Taylor suggested that Council make no charge for water to supply automatic sprinkling system for large business enterprises, pointing out that only in the event of fire would there ever be any water used and in this case it would be altogether probable that less water would be consumed in extinguishing the flames than if dependence was placed entirely upon hydrants. Water from the hydrants would have to be furnished free, so that the city would be no better off.

A communication was read from Hall & Pearsal in which they asked that no charge be made for the water for the automatic sprinklers for a large warehouse. The matter was taken under advisement.

Mr. Hugh MacRae, chairman of a committee recently appointed to take up with Council and the Board of Commissioners the matter of developing a manufacturing suburb in East Wilmington. Mr. MacRae asked that a time be set when the committee could take up with City Council this proposition. The date will be set later.

FOUR MONTHS ON ROADS.

Dick Graham, Colored, Is Sentenced for Larceny by Recorder.

Dick Graham, colored, was sentenced in the Recorder's court yesterday morning to a term of four months on the county roads on the charge of the larceny of two boxes of dried peaches from the store of W. E. Etheridge on Water street.

It was brought out by the evidence introduced that the defendant had tried to sell two boxes of peaches at Lewis Brothers' store on Anderson street. Failing to find a market for his goods, witnesses swore the negro hid the peaches in a yard near the store. As the negro had offered to sell the peaches for less than their market value, the employees thought he had probably stolen them and notified the police. One of the witnesses at the trial testified that he found and took possession of one of the boxes after it had been hidden by the negro, but when the witness returned to the hiding place the negro had removed the other box. The stolen property was identified by the owner.

composer, under Von Lawrens' direction. They have made a number of appearances in Atlanta.

"Von Lawrens is orchestra director for the Capital City Club, Brookhaven, the Atlanta Athletic club and the Hotel Ansley. He has been a valuable aide to enterprises of the Atlanta Music Festival Association. His residence in the city extends back more than four years.

"Madame Van De Zande stated to a reporter that she had undertaken at the time the neutrality complications arose to sever connections with Von Lawrens, but to no avail, on account of her contract and of the number of bookings that were ahead for her and Herr Jebe.

"She was brought to Atlanta several months ago, refugees from Belgium, where she was engaged before the war to fill a season of grand opera engagements.

"I do not know that he was German," she told the reporter, "else I would have hesitated about becoming associated with him during time of war. I acted in perfectly good faith, and I can now only fulfill my contract, despite efforts to the contrary of representatives of my country. When that expires, it is hard to say what I will do."

"She is a strikingly handsome woman of 40, who speaks only broken English. She has been a student of the arts since childhood, having studied under Henri Seguin, professor of the Royal Conservatory of Music at Liege; Madame Armand, of the Grand Opera of Paris, and other noted European instructors. She bears the medal of honor from the Royal Society of Grande Harmonie, of Brussels, and has appeared before European crowned heads on numerous occasions.

"The women of the city who have, in a large measure, stood sponsor for the beautiful singer, making efforts to bring about an early adjustment of the situation. In the meantime, however, Von Lawrens states that he is determined Madame Van De Zande shall fill her scheduled engagements.

"It is silly to accuse her or me," he told newspaper men last night. "Art and the professions know no nationalities. And more especially is it ridiculous to accuse us in a neutral country. Madame Van De Zande has acted in perfect faith with her countrymen. She is forced to earn her livelihood, and it is not their duty to interfere."

"Von Lawrens is a German baron. He studied at Heidelberg, but came to America in his early youth. He visited Berlin at the opening of the war in 1914, but returned to this country to continue his business operations.

"Dr. May told reporters that he frankly was suspicious, and that he would advise Madame Van De Zande to immediately break with the German baron, otherwise suffer lifelong complications with her country. He is awaiting instructions from the Belgian embassy in Washington."

REJECTION OF AUDIT SYSTEM IS INDICATED

Coast Line Conductors May Refuse to Work Under It.

Mr. Clark Says 95 Per Cent. of 483 Members of O. R. C. Are Strongly Opposed -- White Method of Auditing.

That the conductors of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company will decline to work under the White system of auditing their accounts as outlined by the management of the company is clearly indicated, according to Mr. W. M. Clark, third vice president of the O. R. C., who has just returned to Wilmington from a trip to Washington, D. C.

Reports of a referendum vote of all the freight and passenger conductors of the system have been practically completed and the indications are that 95 per cent. of the conductors are in favor of rejecting this method of auditing, which was made effective by the management of the company January 15.

Mr. Clark said last night that there was no question that fully 95 per cent. of the 483 conductors of the A. C. L. were in favor of rejecting the White system. Mr. Clark declined to comment on the statement made public by President R. K. Kelly, of the Atlantic Coast Line, that it is understood that a comprehensive statement, presenting the conductors' side of the controversy, is being prepared and in due season will be made public.

The conductors have been fully informed as to the points at issue between the company and its employees. The adjustment committee proposed by the company will return to Wilmington next Sunday with the ballots cast by the various local organizations of the O. R. C., and after the ballots are canvassed, final action will probably be taken early in the coming week.

Mr. Clark declared that as a result of the referendum vote taken by the conductors after the new auditing system, it was a certainty that the conductors will back up the committee in whatever line of action it finally decides upon.

In explaining the attitude of the conductors, Mr. Clark declared they were perfectly willing to submit to their accounts being audited by bona fide employees of the railroad, but are unwilling to accept all the methods incorporated in the White system, especially objectionable to them was the fact that the feature of the system which requires the conductors to be followed through a train on which they have been running for a long period of time and on which all their friends travel, and be checked by employees of a foreign concern who are seeking to make a record.

The conductors have been holding conferences with the Coast Line officials for the past several weeks, but at the last conference held no satisfactory adjustment was reached and the conferences were suspended. An adjournment was, therefore, taken in order that the questions at issue might be submitted to a referendum vote of the individual members of the various locals to ascertain their wishes in the matter. All refusals of company to make certain modifications in the auditing system were put before the members of the locals by some member of the adjustment committee who was present at conferences held with the officials of the company.

INDICATIONS ARE THAT

POLITICS WILL LIVE UP

Friends of Different Candidates Grooming Them for the Race.

The indications that before many more moons have waxed and waned the political pot in New Hanover will begin to sizzle in the honored style. It does not yet appear how many candidates there will be for the different offices, but there will be quite a few—pardon the expression.

Things political began to liven up this week when friends of Justice George Harris became active in his behalf as a candidate for Recorder in opposition to Recorder Emile. As magistrate and United States Commissioner he has had plenty of experience and has long been interested in politics. He as yet has not given countenance to the rumors going the rounds, but intimates that he will have a statement to make before many more moons.

That Mr. John J. Furlong, who served as Recorder before Recorder Emile went into office, will be a candidate has been generally rumored for some time, but he has made no statement about the matter one way or the other.

The latest aspirant for Sheriff in opposition to Sheriff S. P. Cowan is Deputy United States Marshal J. N. Fennell. He has thrice held the position along with Messrs. R. C. Fergus and George C. Jackson, and the race begins to loom up as one of the most interesting of many that will be run this year. Mr. E. A. Herbst is also mentioned, but he has yet to be heard from.

While Councilman Jones will have nothing to say just now as to his future course, his friends are behind him as candidate in opposition to County Solicitor George Peschau. There is also talk that K. O. Burgwyn, and J. C. King, Esq., will be candidates for this position, but as yet they have made no announcements.

While other candidates are being talked of, there are several aspirants for the place occupied by Constable J. H. Davis, among them being Messrs. Chas. W. Kunol, Tom Piner and W. E. Watson, while Mr. J. W. Capps has been mentioned.

PROSTRATED BY PRAYERS.

On Date Set for His Death, Tom Merrick, Has Fit.

Tom Merrick, colored, who is under sentence of death in the county jail for the murder of Mr. T. B. Hudson, and the date of whose electrocution was originally set for yesterday, worked himself into a state of nervous prostration through prolonged prayers for his life. Country Jailer John W. E. found the negro lying groaning and stretched on the floor of his cell, and summoned Dr. John Thames, assistant county health officer, who administered restoratives and brought the negro around in a short time. As Merrick gave no answer to questions, Jailer Branch thought that there might be something seriously wrong with him.

WHITE ROAD ASSOCIATION

Wilmington Chamber of Commerce Anxious to Get Highway Builders—To Change Constitution.

An invitation to the executive committee of the North Carolina Good Roads Association requesting that Wilmington be selected as the place for the next annual meeting of this organization was extended by the Chamber of Commerce at its regular monthly meeting yesterday afternoon. There were a number of other matters considered. One to which special attention was given was that of revising the constitution and by-laws of the association.

Chairman W. A. McGirt, of the New Hanover Board of County Commissioners, who has just returned from Chapel Hill, where he attended the Good Roads Institute, stated that he understood that the place for the meeting would be decided upon soon and that Wilmington would undoubtedly have an excellent chance to get the meeting, if it was desired to have the convention in this city.

Upon motion of Mr. McGirt, seconded by Mr. John J. Blair, the Chamber unanimously voted to extend the invitation and it is altogether probable that the convention will come to this city, having been held in Asheville last year.

That the present constitution and by-laws of the Chamber of Commerce—or at least a part of them—are antiquated and in need of revision was the opinion of Mr. M. W. Jacobs, who moved that a committee be appointed to revise them. He made particular reference to the method of electing officers, which is by posting names of the old officers and allowing any member the privilege of substituting other names, if he desires.

H. I. Hunt, vice president of the Chamber, who presided at the meeting in the absence of President L. E. Hall, informed Mr. Jacobs that he had been working on this proposition for some time and had already appointed a subcommittee composed of Messrs. Hall, Van Lawrens and Merritt to draw up a new constitution and by-laws. It is proposed, he stated, to submit a new draft of the constitution to the Chamber for their consideration within a short time.

Mr. Jacobs, however, thought that a special committee should be appointed and suggested Mr. J. G. McCormick as one member of it. Mr. McCormick confessed he had been studying the proposition for some time and had in fact secured copies of a number of constitutions of other cities. He was sure that the local Chamber ought to get more work out of more members and also felt sure that more members would be an active part, if they were given the opportunity. He endorsed the idea of a special committee but declined to be considered as a member but suggested that Mr. Jacobs should be named as he is a progressive man and one of the most progressive members of the Chamber.

After some discussion a compromise was agreed upon by authorizing Mr. Hunt to appoint four members of the Chamber to act in conjunction with the committee of the Executive committee.

Mr. Hunt emphasized the importance of having a larger attendance at the meetings of the Chamber. There is need, he stated, of an enthusiastic interest and the only way this can be secured, he thought, was to get more members interested.

Mr. L. B. Sasser suggested that it would be a good idea to have the meetings at night. He referred to some past history, particularly to the free party project, which seemed to have died from a lack of interest to keep it alive. In no other way did he think the Chamber could do the work it is supposed to do except by getting more members at work.

Mr. M. W. Jacobs called attention to the bad condition of Water street and thought that something ought to be done. While streets are being improved in the residence portion, which he thought was all right, something ought to be done on this important business artery of the city, he said. The committee which has the matter under consideration will be asked to get busy. Thomas F. Wood called attention to the bad condition of the new line at the foot of Princess streets.

Mr. John J. Blair, chairman of the civic improvement committee, reported that while streets are being improved in the residence portion, which he thought was all right, something ought to be done on this important business artery of the city, he said.

Mr. M. W. Jacobs, chairman of the committee, stated that he had been thinking of a movement on foot to establish a canning factory in the city, which he thought was a splendid proposition. The committee is looking into it.

NUXATED IRON

Increases strength of debilitated, run down people 250 per cent in ten days in many instances. \$1.00 forfeit if it fails as advertised. In large article soon to appear in this paper. Ask your doctor or druggist about it.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. always carry it in stock.

OUCH! LAME BACK. RUB LUMBAGO OR BACKACHE AWAY

Rub Pain Right Out With Small Trial Bottle of Old, Penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil."

Kidneys cause Backache? No! They have no nerves, therefore can not cause pain. Listen! Your backache is caused by lumbago, sciatica or a strain, and the quickest relief is soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil." Rub it right on the painful back, and instantly the soreness, stiffness and lameness disappears. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Oil" from your druggist and limber up. A moment after it is applied you'll wonder what became of the backache or lumbago pain.

Rub old, honest "St. Jacob's Oil" whenever you have sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism or sprains, as it is absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

Not One Man In A Thousand

That ever gets a Start in Life does so outside of the beaten path of regular saving. It is the one sure way of getting on your feet. Get a few hundred dollars ahead. It will open the way to better things. Labor judiciously directed and Capital intelligently employed form the bedrock of private fortune. Accounts can be started with us with any sum from \$1 upward.

FOR SAFETY

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

the matter and will be able to report more fully at a later meeting.

The membership committee has been active, reported Mr. W. W. Love, and as proof of that fact 40 new members have recently been secured. Mr. H. Lacy Hunt spoke highly of the work of the committee and took occasion to introduce to the Chamber several of the new members, who were at the meeting.

Mr. Paul B. Bell, of the Rotary Club, stated that it had been suggested that a district convention of the Rotary clubs in North and South Carolina and Virginia be held at Wrightsville Beach this summer. He wanted to know what the members of the Chamber of Commerce thought about it. Upon motion it was voted to extend an invitation for the convention.

The secretary of the Chamber reported that the entertainment committee is still busy arranging for a banquet for the members and hopes to secure for this occasion, Mr. R. H. Edmunds, editor of the Manufacturers' Record of Baltimore.

Mr. Charles Price wanted to know what had become of the resolution asking for certain changes in a cotton bill which is now before Congress and was informed that it was still being considered by a committee. He asked that it be given speedy consideration.

Chairman McGirt, of the Board of County Commissioners, making his motion to invite the Good Roads Association, said that during his visit to Chapel Hill he had been especially impressed by the fact that Dr. J. M. Hyde Pratt, State geologist, and Mr. W. S. Falls, State highway engineer, had in their addresses at the Good Roads Institute spoke very highly of the splendid work being done in the maintenance of good roads in New Hanover.

ASK FOR AND GET
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price.

The Need For THRIFT

DO you know that in the United States 66 out of every 100 people that die leave no estate whatever? Do you know that out of the remaining 34 only 9 leave estates larger than \$5,000, and that the average of the balance of 25 is a little less than \$1,300? Do you know that at the age of sixty-five, 97 out of every 100 in America are partly or wholly dependent upon relatives, friends or the public for their daily bread, for their clothing, and a roof under which to sleep? We all know that the one safeguard against pauperism by the countries of Europe has been thrift. France, Germany, Belgium, Holland and Switzerland have been the leaders in thrift. Do you realize that according to recent Government statistics, 98 per cent. of the American people are living from day to day on their wages, and that a loss of employment would mean pauperism for all but 2 per cent. of us?

Let us help YOU to save, and to belong to the successful minority.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Oldest and Largest North Carolina Savings Bank.

WHEN A MAN SETS OUT TO BUY HIS SPRING SUIT

—he has some pretty decided ideas of the sort of clothes he wants. He wants a suit that fits him—not in SPOTS but all over. He wants a good wool fabric that is not only good-looking but SERVICEABLE. He wants an attractive, becoming color. He wants good, careful tailoring. The ideal suit in his eye is



one that combines all these good points and is marked at a fair price. That is the sort of Spring suit YOU want, if we are not mistaken. And we therefore invite you to look over our great stock of Spring suits, because we feel sure you will find here the suit you are looking for.

Prices \$9.95 to \$22.50.

2 SPECIAL VALUES IN NEW SPRING SUITS AT \$9.95 and \$12.75.

Just to start the season with a boom, we are offering two unusual values that should prove interesting to every man intending to buy a New Suit.

Fine Twill all wool Blue Serge Finest Men's Wear Serge; all hand Suit, well tailored and cut in tailored; lined with best grade the very best style; all sizes \$9.95 venetian; all sizes \$12.75

SPRING HAS ARRIVED IN THE MEN'S FURNISHING SECTION

You'd think so if you saw the cheerful colorings and the handsome designs of the new Spring shirts, neckwear, etc., that seem to brighten up the whole section. See them!

Men's soft Madras Shirts; beautiful range of patterns; all sizes; good \$1.00 value, at 69c	Boys' \$1.00 Blouses and Shirts, made of the very best grade Madras and Pongees, size 12 to 14-12, at . . . 68c	Boys' 50c Blouses, in full range of patterns, with or without collars; new Spring shades and colorings. . 39c
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BELK-WILLIAMS CO.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. Hugh MacRae has left for an extended trip to New York and other Northern cities.

Mrs. Albert Solomon has left for New York, where she will join her husband who is there on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Carpenter, of Brunswick, N. J., are spending several weeks in this city, and are guests at the Orton hotel.

The Civic Department of the North Carolina Society will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the club rooms of the organization.

Mrs. Rachel Johnson, formerly bookkeeper for the Eureka Dye Works, has accepted a position as premium clerk in the United Cigar Store.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Schofield and William Schofield, of Mullins, S. C., are spending several days in this city, and are guests at the Orton hotel.

The Women's Missionary Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the ladies' parlors. All members urged to attend.

The Christian Endeavor Society of Bethany Presbyterian church at Wrightsboro will have a business and social meeting tonight at 7:30 o'clock at the church.

Yesterday's Fayetteville News: "Mrs. R. H. Vann and little daughter, Elizabeth, of Wilmington, are visiting Mrs. Vann's sister, Miss Flora Phillips on Robeson street."

An illustrated lecture on the "Jungles of Africa" will be given this evening at 8 o'clock at Trinity Methodist church by Mr. J. T. Medlin, field secretary of the Epworth League.

Dr. William S. Thayer, professor of Clinical Medicine at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, was in this city yesterday as the guest of Dr. James Sprunt. He returned to Baltimore last night.

The Crusaders of the Y. M. C. C. will conduct the devotion exercises of the Epworth League at Grace Methodist church this evening at 8 o'clock. Members and friends are cordially invited to attend.

Miss Myrtle Vickers, of this city, who is attending a private school in New York City, is spending a few days at Harwood, N. C., where she will attend the carnival given by the students of Danforth College.

The Girls' Friendly Society will have an entertainment consisting of music and recitations tonight at 8 o'clock in the Ascension hall, corner Third and Marshall streets. There will be no charge for admission. The public is cordially invited to attend.

The Myrtle Grove Improvement Club, composed of the ladies in the vicinity of Myrtle Grove school house, had a very enjoyable and helpful meeting Wednesday afternoon. Prof. Washington Catlett, county superintendent of public instruction, was present and made an address. There was a large attendance. Delicious refreshments were served.

Miss Jennie Corbett's Sunday school class met last evening at her home and organized its members under the Wesley Bible class organization of the Southern Methodist church. The following officers were elected: Teacher, Miss Jennie Corbett; president, Miss Edna Vaughn; vice president, Miss Lena Brewer; treasurer, Miss Annie Davis; secretary, Miss Alice Schuklen.

Mr. Joe N. Williamson, of Charlotte, and Miss Myrtle Cameron, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Cameron, of Castle Haynes, were married last evening at 9 o'clock at the parsonage of Grace Methodist church, the ceremony being performed by Rev. M. T. Plyler. Only members of the immediate family were in attendance. Mr. and Mrs. Williamson will make their home in Charlotte, where the groom has a position with the Ford Automobile Company.

An enjoyable rook party was given last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Burnett on South Fourth street by Miss Ida Bell Burnett. After a pleasant hour spent in playing rook and other games delicious refreshments were served. Those playing included the following guests: Miss Annie May Meier and Mr. Houston Merritt, Miss Rachel Brown and Mr. Hooper Johnson, Miss Ida Bell Burnett and Mr. John Clark, Miss Mary Hewett and Mr. Emmett Delano, Miss Wallace Brady and Mr. Richard Burnett, Miss Katherine Voss and Mr. Albert Jewell.

WINTER PARK SUNDAY SCHOOL CLASS HAS VALENTINE PARTY
A Valentine party was given Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George C. Jackson at Winter Park, by the M. C. class of the Winter Park Methodist Sunday school. The

Some Very Attractive Sport Coats are being shown in the Suit Dept.

A. D. Brown
The Store that Sells Wooltex.
Coats — Suits — Skirts.

WORKERS WILL MAKE FINAL APPEAL TODAY

For Funds for Young Women's Christian Association.

Citizens of Wilmington Again Urged to Rally to Support of Institution and Not Allow It to Lag Behind.

Today closes the finance campaign of the Young Women's Christian Association and although they are more than \$2,000 short of the goal, the workers are not discouraged. They know that Wilmington is always ready to rally to the support of every good cause and they are depending upon the citizens of the city to make liberal subscriptions today.

"Four thousand in four days" was the slogan adopted at the beginning of the campaign. The goal was set at \$4,000 because the urgent needs of the association will require that much money, according to the annual budget which was made out after careful consideration by the board of directors.

The workers met yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the association and made their reports. They were not as good as they had hoped they would be, but were far from being discouraging. There were many incidents that had occurred to encourage the workers, but none more than the fact that in office buildings voluntary workers had enlisted in the cause and had met with fine success in securing subscriptions. The workers had not been informed that this would be done. It was a splendid thing to do and was appreciated.

The Wilmington association is now doing its best work and to allow it to lag behind, say the directors, would be nothing short of a calamity. They feel that the citizens of the city will not suffer this to be the case and are confident that today will be a red letter day in the history of the association.

Following are the number of subscriptions and the amounts secured by each team for the first three days:

Mrs. Covington		\$356.50
Mrs. Shepherd		87.50
Mrs. Kelloway		169.00
Mrs. Polvogt		154.00
Mrs. Hart		33.50
Mrs. Hear		240.50
Mrs. Sprunt		659.50
Mrs. James		70.50
Total		\$1,881.00

The following tribute to the work of the association which was sent to The Star by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, the pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, is just one of many that have been paid this week by others who have had an opportunity to study the work of the Y. W. C. C.

"Dear Sirs:—It was my privilege to attend the annual meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association and to observe at first hand the work and growth of this institution during the year 1915. In view of this it has occurred to me that a word from me might call attention to this and lead others to rally to its support.

"It has had but one full year of work here, but that has been one of wide extent and excellent quality. This should stimulate its friends to give it liberal support and personal aid. Certainly we cannot expect it to do the work open before it without financial contributions.

"Wilmington will not let its good name suffer, I feel sure, by failing to support liberally this valuable institution.

"The present canvass for funds must not be allowed to fall by any feeling that the need is less than before or the work less important. Any lack of liberality now will reflect seriously on the reputation of the good people of our whole city, and will make this work so far less efficient.

"Yours for the work,
A. D. MCCLURE"

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.
—The following arrivals were registered yesterday at The Orton Hotel: H. W. Loving, Charlotte; R. E. Wilkins, Raleigh; G. T. Morgan, Councils; M. L. Marley, Lumber Bridge; E. J. Hill, Warsaw; J. A. Kinnis, North-east; J. F. Bussell, Southport; R. Thompson, Atkins; J. H. Newberry, Warsaw; H. C. McKee, Newbern; R. B. Harrison, Mullins; Dan Allen, Raleigh; J. F. McNair, Laurinburg; B. S. Keene, Chadbourn.

Mr. N. M. King, of Wilmington, died Wednesday at the State Hospital at Raleigh, where he was taken for treatment some time ago. The remains were brought to Wilmington for interment. Mr. Lester G. King, who lives in the southern part of the city, is a son.

Thin Folks Who Would Be Fat

Increase in Weight Ten Pounds or More
"I'd certainly give up anything to be able to fat up a few pounds and stay that way," declares every excessively thin man or woman. Such a result is not impossible, despite past failures. Most thin people are victims of malnutrition, a condition which prevents the fatty elements of food from being taken up by the blood as they are, when the power of nutrition is normal. Instead of getting into the blood, much of the fat and flesh producing elements stay in the intestines until they pass from the body as waste.

To correct this condition and to produce a healthy, normal amount of fat, the nutritive processes must be artificially supplied with the power which nature has denied them. This can probably best be accomplished by eating a Sargol tablet with every meal. Sargol is a careful combination of six splendid assimilative agents. Taken with meals they mix with the food to turn the fats and starches of what you have eaten into rich, ripe nourishment for the tissues and blood.

Fact has been in many cases reported remarkable. Reported gains of from ten to twenty-five pounds in a few months are by no means infrequent. Yet its action is perfectly natural and absolutely harmless. Sargol is sold by druggists everywhere and every package contains a guarantee of weight increase or money back.

NOTE—Sargol is recommended only as a fat building and white excellent results in cases of nervous indigestion, etc., have been reported, care should be taken about using it unless a gain of weight is desired.

SEEKS TO RECOVER DAMAGES

Argument Before Superior Court Jury is Started in Oliphant Against Atlantic Coast Line.

Argument of counsel to the Superior Court jury was begun yesterday afternoon in the case of William Oliphant against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, in which action is brought by the plaintiff for the recovery of \$20,000 for personal injuries alleged to have been received by the plaintiff while in the employ of the defendant company as a switchman.

This case occupied the whole time of the court yesterday, the jury having been selected Wednesday afternoon. It is the contention of the plaintiff that since he was injured by being caught between two cars of the defendant company, he has been unable to do any work involving hard physical labor. The accident is alleged to have occurred in 1909, and for about 13 months after the plaintiff had partially recovered from the injury to his abdomen.

It is alleged he was put to work on a switch engine by the company at the end of which time he was dropped from the company's service.

The contention of the counsel for the company is that the plaintiff by his own negligence contributed to his injury. The plaintiff is represented by A. G. Ricard, W. F. Jones and L. Clayton Grant, Esqs., while Thomas W. Davis, Esq., appears for the defendant company. The trial of the case will be resumed this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

TO FACE SERIOUS CHARGES.

Car Inspector Baker Identifies Murphy Marsden as His Assailant.

Murphy Marsden, colored, 16 years old, who was arrested by the police Wednesday, was identified yesterday morning as the young negro who is charged with having assaulted Car Inspector S. H. Baker by drawing a revolver and threatening him, when the latter attempted to capture the negro.

A Sensible Cigarette



who was making off with a bag of brass fixtures about two weeks ago in the vicinity of the Seaboard Air Line shops.

The negro was taken into custody by the police on suspicion on a warrant charging larceny. After he was identified an additional charge of assault with a deadly weapon was entered on the police blotter. The defendant will be given a hearing this morning in the Recorder's court.

INCREASE OF 46 PER CENT IN BOY SCOUT MEMBERSHIP.

Last Year Most Prosperous in Six Years' History of Movement.

Washington, Feb. 10.—An increase of 46 per cent in membership during last year was announced today at the annual meeting of the National Council of the Boy Scouts of America. The increase of 132,623 boys and scout masters made the year the most prosperous in the six years' history of the movement. Among the significant items of the chief scout executive's report were that scout troops had been organized in almost every church denomination in the country; that 8,459 troops met in churches and 2,886 troops met in school buildings, armories and community institutions and that the 1,061 scout masters included clergymen, physicians, lawyers, teachers and other professional men, all of high character.

CONGRESS ON CHRISTIAN WORK IN LATIN AMERICA IN SESSION

President Porras of Panama Delivers the Address of Welcome.

Panama, Feb. 10.—The Congress on Christian work in Latin America was opened here today. Dr. Bellario Porras, president of the republic, delivered an address of welcome to the 800 delegates and visitors representing the principal Protestant churches in the United States and Great Britain. The congress is the outgrowth of the meeting of foreign missions conference in New York in March, 1913, when it was decided to undertake an inter-denominational evangelization campaign in Latin America. The congress will remain in session here for ten days. Later sectional conferences will be held in the various Latin-American countries.

KAISER LOSES TWO OUT OF THREE FALLS TO ANDERSON

Thousand Men and Many Women See Wrestling Bout in Raleigh.

(Special Star Telegram.)
Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 10.—A thousand men and many women saw Charles Kaiser, the Raleigh wrestler, lose the best two out of three falls in a match in the city auditorium tonight. Anderson was first winner in 28 1-2 minutes. Kaiser got the second fall in 7 1-4 minutes, and Anderson jammed Kaiser's shoulders to the mat in the final bout after a 25 1-2 minute struggle. It was the hardest match seen here. Kaiser has challenged Anderson to a train down 16 pounds of his 17 pounds weight in excess of Kaiser's and wrestle for all receipts. Kaiser agrees to do this, and Anderson says he will go in business, "if Anderson throws him." Anderson is understood to be planning to locate in Raleigh.

Cottolene

"The Natural Shortening"

How many biscuits like this could you eat?

- browned perfectly on top; white as snow inside—and as light as snowflakes, too!
- with the good, satisfying taste of real biscuits;
- such biscuits are made with Cottolene, the natural shortening.

Try Cottolene in a batch of them—then arrange with your grocer for a regular supply of Cottolene for all your shortening and frying. It is packed in pails of various sizes for your convenience.

You should have our real cook book, "HOME HELPS." Write to our General Offices, Chicago, for a free copy.

THE R. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

Baking powder biscuits
2 cups flour, 3 teaspoons baking powder, 1 teaspoon salt, 4 table spoons Cottolene, 3/4 cup milk. Sift flour, salt and baking powder together; rub in Cottolene; mix lightly and quickly; mixture should not be dry; roll out on board, cut into small biscuits, bake ten to fifteen minutes in hot oven. To make biscuits richer, mix with cream. Whole wheat, graham or rye biscuit may be made in the same way.

"Cottolene makes good cooking better"

Even 100 Refrigerators

Just received. Every one made of Solid Oak. Not Ash or Poplar or Pine, but Oak—Good Old American White Oak. They are the Iceland Brand, manufactured by the largest Refrigerator concern in the world, for Sterchi Stores, 50 Carloads of them a season. Our first car is here. They are beautiful, as far as beauty goes in Refrigerators. They vary in size from 30 pounds of ice to 200 pounds. They are guaranteed to keep ice as long as any Refrigerator made.

Our proposition is to save you money. We have tested out the Refrigerators of this country, and then named it Iceland—Best for the Money in the World. We say so, and stand back of it.

A pair of Ice Tongs and Ice Pick with Each One, and the Price: Oh, Says Confound my Guts from \$6.50 to the price of a Hart Schaffner & Marx is all. See 'em!

Sterchi-Bancroft Co.
Savers on Furniture DeLuxe

WRITE US TODAY

And Let Us Send You Catalogues and Price Lists of

Cook Stoves, Ranges and Heating Stoves

—also—
FIRE DOGS, FIRE FENDERS, SHOVELS AND TONGS AND FIRE PLACE GRATES.

Cold Weather Will Soon be on us, so Don't Delay in Preparing to Furnish Your Trade With Cold Weather Necessities.

A Complete Stock. Orders Filled Promptly.

J.W. MURCHISON & COMPANY
WHOLESALE

Larabee's Best Flour

Is richer and stronger than soft wheat flour; makes more and better biscuits, rolls or bread.

FOR BISCUITS—Add more water or milk and work dough soft. Using Less Flour. A sack of Larabee's Best Flour Will Last Longer Than Same Amount of Soft Wheat Flour.

LARABEE'S BEST FLOUR has about twenty-five per cent. more gluten than soft wheat flour, and the absorption is greater.

Biscuits, rolls or bread made from Larabee's Best Flour have a **RICH, NUTTY FLAVOR** not found in soft wheat flour.

LARABEE'S BEST FLOUR ground from selected Kansas hard wheat, milled by a special slow process which retains the natural wheat flavor. Ask your grocer for it.

It is Not Bleached or Artificially Whiten.

F. E. HASHAGEN & CO.
DISTRIBUTORS FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE DOLLAR AMERICANA

The big, round American Dollar is becoming the unit of value the world over.

Pounds, shillings and pence, marks and francs have had their day, and now the Dollar rules Supreme.

He is worthy of respect and honor, and we beg you to consider carefully before disposing of him.

Think what he means; think of his power, his value and the good he can do.

Don't throw him away; don't spend him foolishly, but get his worth whenever you pass him along. Every Dollar, every dime, every nickel deposited in this bank brings its owner full value and lays the foundation for future prosperity, happiness and comfort.

Open an account today. Take care of that Dollar, and he will take care of you.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

PAY 4 PER CENT COMPOUND INTEREST.

THEATRICAL

Tomorrow at the Royal comes that supreme dramatic feature, "The Eternal City," an eight-reel masterpiece the like of which the world has never before seen, starring Pauline Frederick, the remarkable artist of emotional acting, supported by the greatest all-star aggregation of players ever seen in a single photoplay. Continuing the review by the Moving Picture World from yesterday:

"Thomas Holding as David Rossi gives a fine polished performance. His interpretation of the well-born man who devotes his life to the less fortunate is a veritable. There is in it the tenderness that goes for strength, the capacity for action that lies in the dreamer roused. Frank Losee as Baron

pleteness this performance was never surpassed.

The ballads, "Then You'll Remember Me," "The Heart Bowed Down," "I Dreamt That I Dwell in Marble Halls," "Bliss Forever Past" have brought to the "Bohemian Girl" the proud title of the world's greatest comic opera. But it is not entirely upon the beauty of a half dozen numbers that the popularity of the "Bohemian Girl" rests. The choruses are just as popular. The Gypsies in their quaint dress and manners, with their rollicking songs, deserve special mention.

The story likewise is unusually interesting and the stage settings of unusual beauty, but the one thing on which, more than another, hinges the "Bohemian Girl's" popularity, is the fact that there is always something doing from the time the first curtain goes



A Scene From "The Supreme Test," Starring Henrietta Crossman, Royal Theatre Today.

Bonelli does work that stands out, as does Fuller, Mellish, George Majeroni, John Clulow and J. Albert Hall. This is an unusually long cast and is a most competent one."

Wonderfully effective are the numerous scenes, such as those showing the pope's jubilee—the great plaza, the winding religious processions, the crowd listening to David Rossi. One feels impelled to inquire if at any time, anywhere has a dramatic subject been staged under such unique circumstances. It is all so strange as to seem almost uncanny. The story is big, the production is great!"

"The Bohemian Girl" comes to the Academy of Music matinee and night on Saturday, February 19, in their greatest achievement, the original all-star revival of the world's favorite comic opera. "The Bohemian Girl." For artistic and traditional com-



PAULINE FREDERICK. World's Premier Emotional Artist, in "The Eternal City," Royal Tomorrow.

BIG EATERS GET KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take a Glass of Salts Before Breakfast if Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers You.

The American men and women must guard constantly against kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out. They weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead; your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad; get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, for a few days and your kidneys will thank you. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys; to neutralize the acid in the urine so no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot increase, makes a delightful effervescent litmus-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make himself healthy by having a good kidney flushing any time.



MABEL NORMAND Starring in a Great Keystone Comedy at the Grand Today.

women of the home economics department have the matter in hand and are equipping kitchens and dining rooms at the school buildings and will prepare and serve the lunches. The Woman's Club has also succeeded in getting the drug stores to use the individual sanitary cup at their fountains and as one of the leading men of Wilson said yesterday "there is no ordinance forcing the use of the cup but when two hundred representative women get behind the thing it is better than an ordinance."

SEVENTEEN GERMAN U-BOATS CAUGHT IN NETS BY BRITISH

Crew of One of Submarines Found Shot to Death—Glass Bottom Boat.

New York, Feb. 10.—Dr. M. S. Inglis, a Canadian army surgeon, who arrived here today on the Anchor Line Cameronia from Liverpool, declared that he had knowledge of the capture in British nets of 17 German submarines and told how the crew of one of them had been found shot to death after it had been towed ashore. Dr. Inglis said he had been allowed to descend into this submarine and had seen the bodies.

"To save them from death by suffocation," he said, "the commander had shot all his men and then himself, apparently."

Dr. Inglis added that the British are now making use of glass bottom boats with more or less success in scouting for marines in conjunction with a hydroplane fleet. The glass used, he said, gives a clear view of the water to a depth of 50 or 60 feet.

ROYAL Tomorrow!

Daniel Frohman Presents AN ELABORATE PHOTO-SPECTACLE Of Hall Caine's Supreme Dramatic Triumph.

"The Eternal City"

Pictured in Eight Reels, with Pauline Frederick Whose Transcendent Art, Beauty and Grace Has Emphasized the Charm of the Immortal Role of Donna Roma.

Shows Start 12, 2, 4, 6, 8 & 10 P. M. Adults, 25c. Children, 15c.

Old Folks Saved From Suffering

Mrs. Mary A. Dean, Taunton, Mass., in her 57th year, says: "I thought I was beyond the reach of medicine, but Foley Kidney Pills have proven most beneficial in my case."

Mr. Sam A. Hoover, High Point, N. C., writes: "My kidney trouble was worse at night and I had to get up from five to seven times. Now I do not have to get up at night, and consider myself in a truly normal condition, which I attribute to Foley Kidney Pills, as I have taken nothing else."

Mrs. M. A. Bridges, Robinson, Mass., says: "I suffered from kidney ailments for two years. I commenced taking Foley Kidney Pills ten months ago, and though I am 61 years of age, I feel like a 18-year-old girl."

Foley Kidney Pills are tonic, strengthening and up-building, and restore normal action to the kidneys and to a disordered and painful bladder. They act quickly and contain no dangerous or harmful drugs.

R. R. Bellamy & Co.

ation," he said, "the commander had shot all his men and then himself, apparently."

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"A LIFE IN PERIL"

Watch for These Specific Thrills: THE BURNING TRAIN! HELEN'S RESCUE OF STORM BY SWINGING FROM SUSPENDED ROPE, AN BURNING TRAIN RUSHES BENEATH! EXPLOSION OF FIVE CARS OF DYNAMITE! BIGGEST THRILL EVER ATTEMPTED!

Mabel Normand Heading a Great Cast of Keystone Fun Makers, in a Great Keystone Screen.

"GETTING IN WRONG"

Neva Gerber, in a Great "Beauty" Comedy.

TWO QUARTS A MONTH

Mississippi Senate Passes Bill to Limit Liquor Shipments.

Jackson, Miss., Feb. 10.—The Mississippi Senate today passed a bill to limit shipments of liquor to any one person in this state to one quart of whiskey and 24 pints of beer, each 15 days. The bill now goes to the governor.

BELVIDERE BROOKS DEAD

Was Vice President of Western Union Telegraph Company.

New York, Feb. 10.—Belvidere Brooks, vice president of the Western Union Telegraph Company, died at his home here today of heart trouble. He had been in poor health for several months. His death was sudden.

THE ROYAL

"Wilmington's Modern Movie"

H. U. F. Offers

HENRIETTA CROSSMAN

The Beloved Idol of the American Stage, in

"The Supreme Test"

A Charming Comedy Drama—With Tense Situations and Comedy Touches.

PRODUCED AT THE CAPITAL OF THE FILM WORLD—UNIVERSAL CITY.

BIJOU

ART ACCORD

In the Second of the Great Chas. E. Van Loan "Buck Parvin and the Movies" Stories

"Water Stuff"

"She Couldn't Swim! She Needed the \$5. Though, that Are Paid to Movie "Extra" Girls, and so She Jumped. She Screamed, as She Leaped from the Burning Vessel. Then the Deep Dark Waters Closed Over Her Flaxen Curls." Three Reels.

'The Diamond From the Sky'

Twenty-Eighth Great Chapter—Only Two More!

RUSH! LAST CHANCE 2 MORE DAYS ONLY

RUSH! LAST SALE POSITIVELY ENDS SATURDAY NIGHT 11:30 P. M.

Your Choice OF

A Set of Rogers Nickle Silverware AND

A Suit To Your Measure

\$15

S. L. COCKRELL Manager

Every Suit Sold to You With Our GOLD BOND GUARANTEE.

This Great Sacrifice Sale means the greatest opportunity ever offered the public. We have bought, outright, three largest Woolen Mills—International Woolen Mills, Baltimore National Tailoring Co., and another big tailoring concern. No surer or finer tailoring has ever been made. Now placing this entire lot of High Grade Woolens of Imported Scotch, English and American weaves at your disposal at a price within the reach of every man. Your unrestricted choice of any pattern in the house.

Values \$25, \$30, \$35, \$40

NOTE OUR PRICES

SUIT TO YOUR MEASURE

\$15

NO MORE NO LESS

U. S. WOOLEN MILLS CO. 109 PRINCESS STREET

FREE \$50.00 IN TICKETS

For the Boston English Opera Company's Famous All Star Revival of the

"BOHEMIAN GIRL"

The World's Most Popular Comic Opera Coming to the Academy of Music SATURDAY FEBRUARY 19 Matinee and Night.

The Morning Star has always stood for civic improvement and believes that the coming of high class attractions to this city is of vital importance.

It therefore greets with pleasure the coming of the Boston English Opera Company in its all-star revival of the "Bohemian Girl," and in order to encourage interest in this city in the better class of attractions, offers the following prizes for the seven (7) best articles on "WHY THE BOHEMIAN GIRL IS THE WORLD'S MOST POPULAR COMIC OPERA." These prizes are as follows:

- LIST OF PRIZES:
- 1st Prize, a lower box (Six Seats), at \$2.50
 - 2nd Prize, an upper box (Six Seats), at \$2.00
 - 3rd Prize, four orchestra seats, at \$2.00
 - 4th Prize, four orchestra seats, at \$1.50
 - 5th Prize, two orchestra seats, at \$2.00
 - 6th Prize, two orchestra seats, at \$1.50
 - 7th Prize, two balcony seats, at \$1.00

CONDITIONS OF CONTEST:

Article must be written on one side of paper only and must contain not more than 200 words. This and subsequent notices appearing in these columns contain all the information that will be given in regard to the contest.

All articles must be addressed in sealed envelope and MAILED to Contest Editor, care of Wilmington Star, and must be in hand by 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, February 15th, 1916.

The names and winners will be announced in The Morning Star of Thursday, February 17th and prizes awarded on that day.

The judges of the contest will be Mrs. E. K. Bryan, Mr. J. A. Northam and Mr. E. H. Munson. From the decision of the judges there will be no appeal.

The article may deal with any particular phase of the opera or, as a whole, but must not contain more than 200 words.

Contestants may see book containing the story of The Bohemian Girl and its principal song hits at the office of the Academy of Music at any time. Or, this data may be secured doubtless at the Public Library.

Articles should be submitted, if possible, typewritten, and they WILL NOT be used for publication without consent of the writer.

IRON

2,000 bars Small Round; 2,000 bars Large Round; 1,000 bars Assorted Squares; 2,000 bars Thin Flats; 3,000 bars Thick Flats; 1,000 pieces Thin Sheets; 500 pieces Heavy Sheets.

We handle only the Best Grades of Refined Iron and Soft Machine Steel and Our Prices Are Right.

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS

ORANGE AND WATER STS. "THE IRON MEN"

Prepare For Prosperity

Have your office quarters suitably arranged, properly located and efficiently systematized to handle your share of the increase in business, which is predicted to reach us in 1916 by America's greatest men.

The new Murchison Building is the hub around which Wilmington's commerce revolves. It is the best locality in which to locate. There is no excuse for not having a modern office, in a model office building, with really good janitor service, heat, light, etc., when you can get all these for forty cents a day and up. Locate in the Murchison, Wilmington's Busy Building. See Manager of Building, in room No. 501.

St. Valentine's Day— The Feast of True Lovers



The Proper Social Greeting to Present

Traditions Concerning the Origin of the Lovers' Feast Day—The Evolution of the Valentine.

Copyright, 1918, by The International Syndicate.

"Mum, bid the morn awake,
Sad winter now declines,
Each bird doth choose a mate—
This day's St. Valentine's;
For that good bishop's sake
Get up, and let us see
What beauty it shall be
That fortune us assigns."

IN the days of Shakespeare, Chaucer and Lydgate the Feast of St. Valentine was commemorated as the Lovers' Feast and the poets sang the songs of love, writing charming bits of verse in honor of Cupid's followers. Everybody celebrated the day by sending out love missives of various kinds and the boys and girls regarded it as the most precious day of the calendar.

Origin a Mystery.

The origin of the festival, like many others, is shrouded in mystery for it is not known clearly for which of the Valentines of the Roman Church it was named. Two of these men were bishops and all of them martyrs in the early days of Christianity. Recently a well known student in ancient customs has come forward with an explanation that the day was named in honor of the bishop who during his incarceration was the

recipient of much kindness from the jailer's blind daughter, miraculously restoring her sight. "Because of this favor," he writes, "When the ancient Lupercalia of the Romans was transformed into a Christian festival to meet the demand of the clergy, who were trying to uproot the pagan practices and obliterate their very names, the feast was named for the bishop who had enabled the young blind girl to enjoy the pleasures of life." Although the Church had sufficient influence to change the name yet for many years its celebration retained all the pagan customs many of which were put under a ban by the Church of Rome.

The Lupercalian feasts were held in honor of Pan and Juno, and one of the chief ceremonies was the placing of a box containing the names of young women in one of the public squares of the city. Young men

drew out the names and thus the men and women were paired off by chance. Frequently, the names put into the box were those of women of questionable character and the day was spent in wild orgies. The Church tried to weed out this part of the ceremony and finally did succeed in modifying the affair by substituting the names of saints instead of living women—these saints to be the patrons for the coming year of the men drawing the names from the box. This new plan for a time stopped the custom altogether as the young men refused to play the game unless the valentines were real flesh and blood.

A century or more later the custom was revived but on a slightly different plan and was kept up until a century ago especially in Scotland, England and several countries on the Continent. The new custom was the transformation of the disgusting pagan rites to a gay, innocent amusement for the young folk. The game differed, too, from the fact that the names of both girls and men were put in the box and when a girl drew out a name she claimed the man whose name was written there as her valentine. When a man drew out the name he did the same, consequently, each one had two valentines, but according to the chronicler of this establish-

ment usage, "The man sticks closer to the valentine that has fallen to him than to the valentine to which he has fallen." Often marriage resulted from these valentine parties as the couples were supposed to pay frequent visits to each other during the ensuing year.

Another valentine custom of several centuries ago was that of accidentally becoming one's valentine in the following way: If a bachelor chanced to walk abroad on St. Valentine's Day the first maiden he met was supposed to be his future wife or vice versa. Of course, it was easy for the bachelors and maidens to arrange to meet the right person. As late as the eighteenth century customs akin to those practiced on Hallows' even were in vogue. One of the most rigid tests was that of a girl pinning a bay leaf to each corner of her pillow and one in the middle before going to bed. If the maiden then dreamed of a man it was regarded as a sure sign that he would become her husband before the end of the year.

Still another curious scheme of finding one's true love comes from Scotland—that of writing the names of several swains on paper and putting them inside of balls of clay. The balls were then dropped into water and the clay left to fall apart. The one that rose first to the surface was

the true valentine.

Tradition of Birds.

Another tradition of the origin of the selection of February fourteenth as the day for sending love missives. This writer thinks with the poet that in the Springtime the young man's thoughts lightly turn to love. "It comes at the time of the turn of the Seasons," he declares, "the beginning of the Springtime, or at least the time when thoughts begin to turn to the rejuvenation of the earth and fresh hopes revive in human hearts." Others believe that it has its origin in the mating time for birds and give as a proof of this, the old English tradition of the rooks taking their mates on that day. The story is told how on this day at a certain place in England these birds gather in great numbers on the lower branches of a gigantic tree, while an old crow acting as parson sits on the top chattering away, evidently performing a ceremony, for as soon as he has finished the young birds fly away on their honeymoon.

Mixed Words.

Still another legend of the day comes from a noted etymologist. This learned man is of the opinion that Valentine Day has nothing to do with either the birds or the good bishop, and declares that the name is the coupling of the Latin word "valens" meaning gallant or valiant, and the Norman word "galatin"—a lover of the fair sex. He points out that v and g were frequently interchangeable in popular speech and the word might easily be pronounced valentin and in this way become confused with

the true valentine.

Evolution of the Valentine.

Although few of the old practices of the day prevail, the one of sending love missives is still in vogue. Each year the tokens become more expensive although the valentine print remains—the evolution of the shower of love letters of the seventeenth century. Like everything else the style of these love tokens has changed with the years when old styles give way to new. The earliest valentines were crude drawings of huge Cupids holding men and women by reins as though driving them into matrimony. These so-called sweetheart letters were black and white, but when the colored ones put in an appearance they were even worse as the harmony of colors had no part in their makeup.

The advent of cheap postage gave the valentine industry an impetus, and during the nineteenth century they were sent out by the thousands. There was the lace paper valentine which when spread out showed tiny Cupids bearing baskets of forget-me-nots, violets and other flowers set in frames of lace paper; verses pouring out the love of the sender were printed on every page. These were succeeded by the handpainted satin affairs showing Cupids holding wedding rings and turtle doves over poetry which told of the undying devotion of the man or woman whose affection prompted the gift. The celluloid valentine was a work of art in the way of thin sheets of celluloid, were twisted into love knots. Of course,

Cupids and clasped hands were the most important part of the makeup. At present we have the motor girl sending her heart and the huge heart with its rebus verses. The suffragist, too, has her card, particularly for her valentine to members of Congress.

"We take our suffrage pen in hand To write you these few lines; If you'll just give us votes, dear hearts We'll be your valentines!"

Many of the valentine post cards—a type of love token which has been "in our midst" for several years—are rather pretty, their greatest merit is their cheapness. Even the germ theory has crept in and one of the latest valentines shows a couple in the act of kissing, surrounded by all sorts of hideous little microbes. The verse, however, assures us there are no microbes in the Saint Valentine kiss.

The manufacture of valentines today constitutes an important branch of our industrial activity and furnishes employment for thousands of men and women. Many of the people thus employed are cripples or invalids who are unable to leave their homes. The manufacturers send the material to their residences and often give them carte blanche for any new styles. The result is hundreds of unique love tokens each year. So, after all, Saint Valentine is still helping those who are unfortunate.

Here's to the good Bishop, may his day always be observed as the Feast of True Lovers!

IT was the evening of St. Valentine's Day and Robert Bolton, trudging wearily homeward after the usual grind at the office, didn't know it. For him, remembrance of the day of the Little God of Love had long since slipped back into the dim past, along with youthful enthusiasm, parties, shady lanes and puppy love.

He did recall, however, as he turned in at the gate of his home that a house-guest had been expected to arrive that day, a girlhood friend of his wife.

As he opened the front door he caught a glimpse of his guest, Mrs. Harrington, and his wife in the living room. Freed of his hat and coat, he traversed the reception hall and started toward them.

But as he crossed the threshold he paused, the customary evening greeting still hanging unspoken upon his lips. His wife was standing by the center table looking at him in that manner all experienced husbands have come to know means that the wife is striving to send by "eye-wireless" a message of some sort. And, as usual, Bolton found it exasperatingly unintelligible.

Before her was a huge basket of fruit, an impressive affair of artistic design and graced with a wide bow of pale green ribbon and a long, arching handle gaily colored. Opposite, sat Mrs. Harrington, smiling pleasantly. And on the table before her reposed a box of candy, resplendent in its multi-colored rows of confections, its festive pink ribbon and its near-gilt tongs.

"You home, Bob?" said his wife, perhaps through force of habit. Then she hurried on, "Your valentines arrived before you, you see. It was just darling of you, Bob! I almost feared you would forget." And she glanced meaningfully at the fruit and candy. "Nina insists it must be some fond admirer other than you. But I tell her she doesn't realize what a dear, thoughtful husband I have!"

Bolton stared at his wife and then mechanically shook hands with Mrs. Harrington, assured her of his pleasure at having her as a house-guest and inquired about her husband's welfare.

Mrs. Harrington answered his inquiries perfunctorily and hastened on to the matter of real interest. "Edith has quite distorted what I said—to her own ends, no doubt," she laughed. "I merely expressed surprise and pleasure to find that still there are husbands in the world who remember the little sentimental occasions that mean so much to a woman. Poor old Jack—though he is a dear in many ways—wouldn't know St. Valentine's Day from the Fourth of July; and if a basket of fruit should arrive in our house on St. Valentine's Day I might be tempted to imagine that I indeed did have a fond and mysterious admirer. But I'd know absolutely that it wasn't Jack! Let me thank you for my valentine—I just adore Arlington candy—and for your thoughtfulness in including me in your—what shall I say—St. Valentine devotions?" Bolton swallowed hard. He was

'AN OVERDUE VALENTINE

by Edward Riddle Padgett

afraid to look at his wife. He forced a laugh. "You can never tell, Nina, who is the sender of a valentine," he managed to reply in a manner intended to be playfully non-committal. "Perhaps, after all, Edith has a fond admirer—and no doubt I had best look into it at once."

"Now, now," interrupted the visitor gaily, "don't try to cover up your secrets, Bob!" Bolton grinned. "Maybe it was Jack who sent them!" he suggested. "I am sure he's still a fond admirer."

"You can't wriggle out that way, Bob," Mrs. Harrington insisted. "If Jack should do a thing like that I'd straightway faint; no, I believe first I'd ask him what he had been up to—and remind him that conscience is a terrible thing."

"Don't be too hard on the poor boy," Mrs. Bolton spoke up, glancing proudly and gratefully at her husband. "Even Bob sometimes forgets these—these little things. But St. Valentine's Day? Well, that was the day on which we became engaged!" And she glanced archly at Bob, who flushed and smiled back—dutifully.



He paused, the customary evening greeting hanging unspoken upon his lips. found a bill for \$4.50 for a basket of fruit and \$1.60 for a box of candy. He reached for the 'phone and asked for the manager himself, telling him in no uncertain terms that he had not ordered candy or fruit—there had been a mistake. The manager replied that he would "look it up," if Mr. Bolton would hold the wire. Mr. Bolton would. Presently the manager spoke. "We are very sorry, sir," he said. "The bill should not have been sent to you—'m-m-m-m' grunted Bolton complacently. "It was our mistake. Ma'am, the salesgirl who filled the order, forgot to explain to the cashier that Mrs. Bolton left special instructions that the bill should be sent to her—"

"What's that?"

"The bill, Bolton said we should send the bill to her, sir, not to you. We are very sorry—and will you kindly explain to Mrs. Bolton for us, sir?"

Mr. Bolton would; and hung up the receiver.

So—so Edith had bought the valentines! And—oh, the poor boob, had pretended, even to her, that he had been the thoughtful sender! Gee whis, how she must have been laughing at him! And yet, after all, it wasn't entirely funny—

He reached for the 'phone. "This is Mr. Bolton again," he told the manager. "It will be all right about that bill—I'll pay it. Only make

trouble."

Sam grinned. "I'm next!" he said, brazenly indifferent to his lapse into idiom. "And, Sam," Bolton leaned over the counter and spoke in a confidential tone—"could you—er—a-could you fix it so that it'll look like I bought it last week and—your delivery boy took it to the wrong house or—lost it or—oh well, you know what I mean!"

Sam considered. Bolton fairly hung upon his decision. "Well," said Sam presently, with an air that might not have exactly disgraced a Justice on the Supreme Bench, "it's a trifle irregular but—but I can fix it for such an old customer as you, Mr. Bolton. Now, suppose we deliver the article and then, after a while, I'll phone Mrs. Bolton and in my best official voice present our apologies and explain that when you made the purchase we hadn't another one of them in stock, except the sample, and had to wire to New York for one?"

"Sam," said Robert Bolton, "you're just received the very late—"

"Mrs. Bolton has one."

"That doesn't make any difference; a lady never has enough of them. What kind has Mrs. Bolton?"

"It'll be darned if I know—oh, yes, it's a silver one and—by George, Sam—I remember now that that's the only day I heard her wishing for a gold one for afternoon and evening wear. That's the very thing! Let's see what you've got."

Sam coughed apologetically. "That's rather high, in gold, Mr. Bolton," he explained. "But I can show you two that have been greatly reduced—they were forty and we've marked them down to twenty-five. Of course, you understand, they aren't solid gold; but they are a very fine gold-plate on silver. And you need have no hesitation about it being in good taste. Here—here we are, and both of them are beauties."

That evening as Robert Bolton softly inserted his key and opened the front door of his home he again caught a glimpse of his wife and Nina in the living room. They were intent upon something on the center table. Yet, somehow, it seemed to Bolton that the electric enthusiasm he had anticipated was missing from his wife's manner. Just then she looked up, aware of his presence. She rushed toward him, hands extended in pretty welcome.

"Oh, you dear!" she exclaimed. "It is a beauty! But what a queer prank to play upon me!"

Bolton blinked. He slipped an arm around her waist nonchalantly and they walked back into the living room.

Mrs. Harrington, too, was strangely unenthusiastic and—unimpressed.

Instantly Bolton knew that all was not right; that there had been a slip-up somewhere.

"Why in the world didn't you send it yesterday, Bob?" asked Edith. "Not that I'm not just crazy about it, dear, but valentines ought to arrive on St. Valentine's Day, you know."

Ye gods! Sam had forgot to phone!

Bolton explained. He paused for the effect. There wasn't any. "It was dear of you," Edith hastened to assure him again. Then she ventured a bolder stroke. "I confess now, Bob, that when your basket of fruit came yesterday I was a trifle disappointed—you've always sent me such handsome valentines before, you know!"

Bob gulped. "But why in the world didn't you tell me yesterday that you had ordered the vanity case?" Just think of the thrill of waiting for it to come! I thought you acted strangely last evening—didn't you, Nina?"

"Oh, no," answered that pessimist quite casually. "I'm used to Jack, you see. Really, I was overcome by my candy—it was so thoughtful of you, Bob. Now had it been Jack he'd have forgotten about it being St. Valentine's Day, much less remembering to send anything. I must say, though, that today he'd have rushed off and bought me something handsome and really extravagant—to square himself. Rob, you couldn't help it if the jeweler had to send away for it, could you?"

"No, of course not. I gave them the dickens about it, too, today," lied Bolton manfully. "They had the order at least a week ago, and there is no excuse for such a delay!"

Just then the maid announced a telegram for Mrs. Harrington—and would she please sign for it?

"Bob," whispered Edith tensely, as the portieres fell behind the retreating form of Mrs. Harrington, "you have certainly made me look like a fool! I don't know how, but Nina understands the whole thing—she's not one bit impressed. And I know perfectly well that she knows you didn't send the fruit and candy. She is sure you're just like Jack and—and I was so—so anxious to have her think otherwise. Why—"

"Well, I'll be—be flattered!" gasped Bob. To this day Edith has never been able to solve the mystery. Bolton says the only thing to do is to forget it; or, if there must be some answer, to blame it on an English sparrow. He's right, too! For how could either of them be expected to know that that afternoon, when Edith had her little poodle out for a brief airing, the 'phone rang; and Mrs. Harrington answered it; and the voice at the other end of the wire without preliminary inquiry, rushed on to explain that the bill for the fruit and candy had been sent to Mr. Bolton; and he had been surprised at first but had paid it; and the Arlington Fruit & Candy Store was "awful sorry," but they'd forgotten about Mrs. Bolton's wanting the bill sent to her—and—and—and—

It was Maie's voice at the other end of the wire!

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON MAKES ADVANCE WHEAT SUFFERS A BREAK METALS TAKE LEADERSHIP

Market Assumes Steadier Tone on Higher Liverpool Cables and More Bullish Spot Advances.

New York, Feb. 10.—While fluctuations were irregular the cotton market showed rather a steadier tone today in sympathy with higher Liverpool cables and more bullish spot advances from the Eastern belt. The close was very steady at a net advance of 5 to 9 points.

The market opened 5 to 9 points up with March selling at 12.05, July at 12.40, and October 12.42.

One of the private cables attributed the strength of Liverpool to spinners' calling and light offerings but another said it reflected a scare over the freight situation which might possibly have arisen from denials from the German ocean liner had been captured as rumored yesterday an prices soon sagged off under scattering liquidation. Wall Street and local pressure. Rather an easier tone in New Orleans encouraged the decline which carried March to 12.05, July 12.31 and October to 12.35 during the middle of the day. Offerings were not heavy, however and the market steadied on reports that yesterday's larger business in the Eastern belt spot markets had been followed by higher prices today. The buying was encouraged late in the afternoon by support from spot houses and the larger clearances. New crop deliveries made new high ground for the day just before the close and last prices were within a point or two of the best.

Closed very steady.

Open High Low Close
March 12.05 12.05 11.95 12.04
July 12.31 12.31 12.25 12.34
October 12.42 12.42 12.34 12.43
December 12.54 12.57 12.47 12.55
Spot cotton steady; middling uplands 12.15; sales 1,211 bales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 11.62; receipts, 1,542; exports, 16,785; sales, 1,585; stock, 425,808.
Galveston—Middling, 12.10; receipts, 12,489; exports, 16,514; sales, 250; stock, 335,800.
Mobile—Middling, 11.33; receipts, 200; exports, 10,911; stock, 19,553.
Savannah—Middling, 11.88; receipts, 4,315; sales, 1,125; stock, 224,880.
Charleston—Middling, 11.32; receipts, 149; stock, 85,540.
Wilmington—Receipts, 178; stock, 56,329.

Texas City—Receipts, 2,341.
Norfolk—Middling, 11.75; receipts, 3,238; exports, 788; sales, 182; stock, 125,685.
Baltimore—Stock, 4,274.
Boston—Middling, 12.10; receipts, 257; stock, 11,600.
Philadelphia—Middling, 12.40; stock, 2,825.

New York—Middling, 12.15; exports, 3,470; sales, 1,211; stock, 328,948.
Minor Ports—Receipts, 4,332; exports, 4,332; stock, 7,620.
Total today—Receipts, 32,146; exports, 52,497; stock, 1,583,962.
Total for week—Receipts, 126,531; exports, 134,102.
Total for season—Receipts, 5,190,597; exports, 3,615,655; stock, 17,485.

Interior Movement.
Houston—Middling, 12.10; receipts, 7,090; shipments, 7,653; sales, 8,352; stock, 201,698.
Memphis—Middling, 12.00; receipts, 4,025; shipments, 5,280; sales, 1,650; stock, 238,625.
Augusta—Middling, 11.75; receipts, 461; shipments, 843; sales, 740; stock, 176,426.
St. Louis—Middling, 12.12; receipts, 2,144; shipments, 3,333; sales, 9; stock, 17,089.
Cincinnati—Receipts, 1,705; shipments, 1,525; stock, 15,182.
Little Rock—Middling, 12.12; receipts, 742; shipments, 864; sales, 864; stock, 36,055.
Dallas—Middling, 11.65.
Montgomery—Middling, 11.50; sales, 68.
Total today—Receipts, 17,170; shipments, 15,468; stock, 735,485.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.
Liverpool, Feb. 10.—Cotton: Spot, easier; good middling, 8.32; middling, 8.65; low middling, 7.67. Sales, 7,000; for speculation and export, 500; receipts, 13,000.
Futures, steady. February, 7.52; March, 7.79; April, 7.75; May, 7.75; June, 7.71; July, 7.71; August, 7.69; September, 7.45; October, 7.45; November, 7.39; December, 7.29; January, 7.29; February, 7.25.
COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.
New York, Feb. 10.—Cotton seed oil: New was higher on demand from March shorts, advancing 10 to 15 points. The firmness in land and light offerings generally. Final prices were 7 to 10 points net higher. Sales, 13,100 barrels.
Closed steady. Spot, 9.62 bid; February, 9.62 @ 9.50; March, 9.60 @ 9.50; April, 9.58 @ 9.50; May, 9.56 @ 9.50; June, 9.54 @ 9.50; July, 9.52 @ 9.50; August, 9.50 @ 9.50; September, 9.48 @ 9.50. Total sales, 17,200.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
Small Advances Feature Market—The Close Was 7 to 9 Points Up.
New Orleans, Feb. 10.—Small advances featured the cotton market today. A period of slight depression occurred around noon. At no time did the market display marked activity and fluctuations were within narrow limits. The feeling was steady.
In the early trading prices rose 7 to 8 points which was lost later. At the lowest trading months were unchanged. Prices 2 points down, compared to yesterday's close. The close was 7 to 9 points up.
Better cables than due stimulated early buying, while talk of large acreage in South Texas caused the offering around the middle of the session. Later the market firmed up on the forecast of the day of 12,407 bales of good spot sales in the Eastern belt.

The market closed very steady at an advance of 7 to 9 points. Closing bid: 74; May 12.33; July 12.35; October 12.37; December 12.39.
Direct cotton steady, unchanged; sales on the day of 12,407 bales of good spot sales in the Eastern belt.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.
New York, Feb. 10.—Beef—No trading. Calves, firm. Veals, 9.00 @ 13.35; culls, 8.00 @ 8.50; barn yard calves, 6.00 @ 6.50.
Sheep and Lambs—Steady. Sheep, 5.50 @ 5.75; lambs, 10.00 @ 11.75.
Hogs—Firm, at 8.00 @ 9.50.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.
New York, Feb. 10.—Sugar—Raw, barely steady. Centrifugal, 4.33; molasses sugar, 4.06; refined, steady.
Butter—Firm.
Cheese—Steady.
Coffee—Spot, firm; Rio, No. 3, 9c; Santos, No. 4, 9 1/2c.

Market Builtes Upon Renewal of Export Buying—Close Nervous, With Prices Unchanged to Lower.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Renewal of export buying helped to rally the wheat market today, after a sharp break that was due to an unusual whirl of speculative stop loss orders to sell. The close was nervous at the same as yesterday's finish to 1/4c down, with May at 1.27 1/2 @, and July at 1.20 1/2 @.

Corn gained 1c to 1 1/4c net, oats 1/4c to 1/2c, and provisions 5c to 2 1/2c.
Grain and provisions close:
Wheat—May, 1.27 1/2; July, 1.20 1/2.
Corn—May, 77 1/2; July, 77 1/2.
Oats—May, 45 1/2; July, 46.
Pork—May, 20.53; July, 20.86.
Lard—May, 10.27; July, 10.45.
Cash grain:
Wheat—No. 2, red, nominal; No. 3, red, 1.26 1/2; No. 2, hard, 1.26 1/2 @ 1.27.
No. 3, hard, 1.25 1/2 @ 1.24 1/2.
Corn—No. 2, yellow, nominal; No. 4, yellow, 71 @ 72 1/2; No. 4, white, 71 @ 72 1/2.

MARINE.

Arrived.
Str. Chippewa, Maguire, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.
Str. Elizabeth Weems, Hudgins, Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Co.
Str. Matilda Weems, Hall, Baltimore, Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Co.

Cleared.
Str. Chippewa, Maguire, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.
Str. Elizabeth Weems, Hudgins, Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Co.
Str. Matilda Weems, Hall, Baltimore, Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Co.

WILMINGTON MARINE.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)
STAR OFFICE, Feb. 10, 1916.
SPRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.
ROBIN—\$2.00, 44.90.
CRUDE TURPENTINE—\$3.00, 35.50.
Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 43 1/2; rosin, 33.00; tar, 15.50; crude, 27.75, 27.75, 17.75.

RECEIPTS.
Spirits Turpentine (—)
Rosin (—)
Tar (—)
Crude Turpentine (—)
Receipts—Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 3 casks; rosin, (—) barrels; tar, 203 barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.
Market—11 1/2c. Quotations same day last year.
Receipts—178 bales; same day last year, 1,706 bales.
Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 148,348 bales.
Total receipts to same date last year, 150,560 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL
Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.
Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 10, 1916.
Atlantic Coast Line—166 bales cotton; 52 barrels tar.
Seaboard Air Line—10 bales cotton. Str. Lathrop—34 barrels tar. Leroy—46 barrels tar.
Total—176 bales cotton; 132 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.
(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Feb. 10.)
SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 55c to 60c per bushel.
IRISH POTATOES—\$1.00.
CORN—11.75 per sack.
BEEF—Native dressed, 70c; good demand.
PORK—Small, 3 @ 10c per pound.
WOOL—Burry, 17c to 20c; first class, 27c.
HIDES—Green salt, 12 @ 13c; dry salt, 12 @ 13c.
NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Old hams, 18c; sides and shoulders, 14c to 15c per pound, good demand.
BEEFWAX—Firm, 19c per pound; good demand.
POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c; spring, 20c to 35c head. Geese 55c to 60c per head. Ducks, 35c to 50c owing to quality. Turkeys, 15c per lb. alive, 30c to 22c dressed.
EGGS—18c dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.
(Quoted by J. E. Pumphrey & Co.)
Wilmington, Feb. 10.—North Carolina Peanuts—New crop, market firm. Fancy hand-picked, 44c; No. 1, machine picked, 77c per bushel.
Virginia Peanuts—New crop, steady. Jumbo, 66c; fancy hand-picked, 55c; No. 1, machine-picked, 50c per bushel. Spanish Peanuts—New crop firm; No. 1, small, machine-picked, \$1.00; Jumbo, 90c per bushel.
Receipts—Light.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.
(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)
Petersburg, Va., Feb. 10.—Spanish Farmers' stock—Market strong. First quality, \$1.05 per bu.; green and dirty, 60c to 75c per bu.
Virginia Farmers' stock—Market, firm.
Fancy Jumbo, 3 1/2c per lb.; Extra Prime, 3 1/4c per lb.; Prime, 3 1/2c per lb.; shelling stock, 3 1/4 to 3 1/2c lb.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.
Savannah, Ga., Feb. 10.—Turpentine, having doing; last sale, February 7 @ 24 1/2; receipts, 27; shipments, —; stock, 11,323.
Rosin—Firm. Sales, 584; receipts, 633; shipments, —; stock, 55,386. Quote: A. B. C. D. 5 1/2; E. 5 3/4 @ 5.30; F. and G. 5.30; H. 5 1/2; I. 5 1/4; K. 5 1/4; M. 6.30; N. 6.75; W. G. 7.20; W. W. 7.50.

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Butter—Firm.
Cheese—Steady.
Coffee—Spot, firm; Rio, No. 3, 9c; Santos, No. 4, 9 1/2c.

Majority of Better Known Coppers Sell at Highest Prices in History, Some Spectacular Gains.

New York, Feb. 10.—Metal shares assumed a commanding position in today's broad stock market, a majority of the better known coppers, including Utah, Butte and Superior, Chino and Granby selling at highest prices in their history. The upward swing in metals followed a further sharp advance in the price of the metal abroad.

United States Steel added a substantial fraction to yesterday's advance, only to yield later on selling of other leaders. Lackawanna Steel, Republic Iron, American Car, New York Air-brake and Railway Steel Spring were firm, strong at times, but shares with Mexican interests were heavy.

There was some spectacular gains in a few specialties. General Motors rising 2 1/2 to 4 1/2; United Fruit 5 1/4 to 14 1/4; South Porto Rico Sugar, 7 to 12 1/2; American Coal Products 7 1/4 to 15 1/2, and Mackay Companies, 6 1/2 to 21.

Rails lagged in the early dealings but came forward later under New York Central's favorable statement of 1915 earnings gave further impetus to standard shares, but the advance was met by free offerings, causing some irregularity at the close. Reached the maximum of capacity for months to come, causing rejection of much new business.

Further light on the prosperous steel conditions was afforded by the Lackawanna Steel annual report where in 1914 deficit was replaced by a balance of almost \$4,000,000.
New York Central made a net gain of \$2,429,000 for December and about \$19,500,000 for the year of 1915, owing largely to a marked reduction in cost of operation.

The Bank of England reported another appreciable gain in its gold holdings and a moderate strengthening of its liability reserve.
Bonds were firm with further activity in Anglo-French 5s at a slight recovery from yesterday's low quotation. Total sales of bonds, par value, aggregated \$3,745,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.
Allis-Chalmers 31 1/2
American Beet Sugar 7 1/2
American Car 62 1/2
American Coal 7 1/2
American Cotton Oil 55 1/2
American Locomotive 68
American Smelting 103
American Sugar 112 1/2
American Tel. and Tel. 125 1/2
American Tobacco 209 1/2
Anaconda Copper 89 1/2
Atchafalca 103 1/2
Atlantic Coast Line 111 1/2
Baldwin Locomotive 114 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio 61 1/2
Bethlehem Steel 47 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit 86 1/2
Canadian Pacific 175 1/2
Central Leather 64 1/2
Chesapeake and Ohio 61 1/2
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul 96 1/2
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry. 19 1/2
Consolidated Gas, ex. div 136
Continental Can 81
Crucible Steel 73 1/2
Erie 38 1/2
General Electric 172 1/2
Great Northern, pfd 122 1/2
Great Northern Ore Cfs 47 1/2
Hillside Central 105 1/2
Interborough Consol. Corp 27
Kansas City Southern 27
Lehigh Valley 77 1/2
Louisville and Nashville 125 1/2
Liggett and Meyers 83 1/2
Marshall Field 31 1/2
Missouri, Kansas and Tex. pfd 14 1/2
Missouri Pacific 8 1/2
Mexican Petroleum 109
National Lead 71
New York Central 107 1/2
N. Y. N. H. and Hartford 11 1/2
Norfolk and Western 11 1/2
Northern Pacific 114 1/2
Pennsylvania 57 1/2
Reading 78 1/2
Rep. Iron and Steel 54
Seaboard Air Line, pfd 37 1/2
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron 60 1/2
Studebaker Corporation 14 1/2
Southern Pacific 100 1/2
Southern Railway, pfd 21 1/2
Southern Railway, pfd 60
Tennessee Copper 60 1/2
Texas and Pacific 6 1/2
Union Pacific 135
United States Steel 84 1/2
United States Steel, pfd 115 1/2
Utah Copper 83 1/2
Virginia-Caro. Chem 48 1/2
Va. Iron, Coal and Coke 55
Wabash, pfd, "B" Cfs 28 1/2
Western Union Electric 89 1/2
Westinghouse Electric 65 1/2
United Fruit 148 1/2

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.
New York, Feb. 10.—Mercantile paper, 3 @ 2 1/4. Sterling: Sixty day bills, 4.71; demand, 4.75 1/2 @ 16; cables, 4.76 1/2 @ 16. Bar silver, 56 1/2; Mexican dollars, 43 1/2. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, firm.
Time loans, firmer. Sixty days, 2 1/4 @ 2 1/2; ninety days, 2 1/4 @ 2 1/2; six months, 3 @ 3 1/4. Call money, steady; ruling rate, 2 1/2 per cent.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.
Chicago, Feb. 10.—Hogs—Firm. Bulk, 8.20 @ 8.35; light, 7.90 @ 8.40; mixed, 8.05 @ 8.40; heavy, 8.05 @ 8.40; rough, 8.05 @ 8.15; pigs, 6.90 @ 7.07.
Cattle—Weak. Native beef steers, 6.25 @ 9.45; cows and heifers, 3.00 @ 8.00; calves, 8.25 @ 11.25.
Sheep—Steady. Wethers, 7.40 @ 8.25; ewes, 5.40 @ 7.85; lambs, 8.75 @ 11.25.

THE WEATHER.
United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.
February 11, 1916.
Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:
Temperature at 8 A. M., 32 degrees; at 8 P. M., 48 degrees; maximum, 60 degrees; minimum, 43 degrees; mean, 52 degrees.
Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rain-fall for the month, to date, 1.10 inch.
Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday, 10.5 feet; falling.

THE WEATHER.
For North Carolina—Fair Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature.
The Port Calendar, February 11, 1916.
Sun rises 7:01 A. M.
Sun sets 5:52 P. M.
Day's length 10 hrs. 51 min.

THE TIDES.
High water. Low water.
Wilmington 11:07 A. M., 11:07 P. M.
Southport 1:37 P. M., 1:37 P. M.
Masonboro Inlet 1:36 P. M., 1:36 P. M.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.
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NO ADVANCE IN RATES TO N. C. DESTINATIONS

Corporation Commission Says
Beaman is Mistaken

Explains Effect of New Tariff Effective February 1.—Captain Boyken Resigns—Several New Corporations Chartered.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 10.—The statement was made at the office of the Corporation Commission today that Secretary R. H. Beaman, of the Goldsboro chamber of commerce, is mistaken about there being general increases of around 25 per cent in freight rates from Boston to Goldsboro and other North Carolina points, a statement to this effect having been carried from Mr. Beaman in Washington, D. C., special dispatches this morning. The statement involved the Cottrill tariff No. 72, effective February 1.

The Corporation Commission has the new tariff and does not understand that any increase in these rates has been made to North Carolina destinations. The tariff in question is alternative, making the revised rates to Spartanburg on classes and commodities, made to meet water and rail rates through Charleston, the maximum rates to all intermediate points, so as to eliminate any possibility of long and short haul violations with respect to either class of commodity rates, but this alternative tariff does not have the effect, according to the Corporation Commission, of disturbing any existing rates from the Northeast to any North Carolina destinations.

Capt. Boyken Resigns.
Adjutant General Laurence W. Young, of the North Carolina National Guard, accepted today the resignation of R. S. Boyken as captain of Company K, Second Regiment, Goldsboro. Captain Boyken was to have been married on a recent date, went for a honeymoon trip to New York and did not return for the wedding, making the later explanation that he concluded not to be married at that time. The engagement was broken off. Now Captain Boyken resigns his office in the Guard.

New Corporations were chartered today as follows:
The Consolidated Lumber Co., of Clinton, Sampson county, capital \$50,000 authorized and \$5,000 subscribed by E. R. Harris, Troy I. Harris and W. Petty and others for general lumber, lumber and milling business.
The Paschall Bros. Co., of Manson, Vance county, capital \$10,000 authorized and \$7,000 subscribed by A. P. D., R. D. and S. A. Paschall for a general mercantile business.
The Aurora Agricultural Fair Association, of Aurora, Beaufort county, capital \$10,000 authorized and \$300 subscribed by W. H. Hooker, R. L. M. Bowman and B. H. Thompson.

REPUBLICANS GIVE THEIR ASSURANCES

(Continued From Page One.)
gin at once drafting its proposal to federalize the militia to a large extent and also to grant the regular army increases asked by the War Department.

Discuss Industrial Mobilization.
President Wilson discussed with his visitors the need of preparation for an industrial mobilization of civilian forces to secure the army's supply lines and also private resources for the production of war material and army supplies. Both the Army and Navy Departments are at work now on investigations to show just what can be expected in this way in time of war.

GARRISON BREAKS WITH WILSON AND RESIGNS

(Continued From Page One.)
essential objections to the perpetuation of a militia system. The difficulty did not arise out of the government not being able to take over these troops, but out of its inability, under the constitution, to have the essential unity of responsibility, authority and control in the raising, officering, training and governing of its military forces.

Writes Another Letter.
Following an interview between the President and Mr. Garrison on the army plans, the Secretary again wrote the President, specifically stating his position. The President informed him that Mr. Hay had told him a Federal volunteer system could not be obtained, and that the same end could be achieved by utilizing the state troops and making appropriations to pay the states on condition that the Federal government control the militia.

Mr. Garrison then replied that the continental army plan absolutely discarded a military system based upon state troops and that the two systems were diametrically opposed to each other and were irreconcilable. "We are challenged," he wrote, "by the existing situation to declare ourselves promptly, openly and unequivocally, or be charged properly with lack of sincerity and good faith." He added that since Mr. Wilson's word was final, he did not wish to cause any embarrassment and would withdraw if it would relieve the situation.

The President wrote in reply that he and the Secretary agreed that the chief thing necessary for the army was "that we should have a trained citizen reserve and that the training, organization and control of that reserve should be under immediate Federal direction."

No "Irrevocable" Stand.
He declined, however, to take an irrevocable stand on the ground that it would not be proper for him to say to a committee of Congress that it would have to take his plan or none. He declared he did not believe members of the House dealing with military affairs were ignorant of the military necessities of the Nation, but had found them well informed.

He said he would welcome a frank interchange of views but added "no one will expect me to acquiesce in any proposal that I regard as inadequate or illusory."

Should a bill be presented to him which he could not accept as accomplishing the essential thing sought, he said it would be his duty to veto it and go to the country on the merits.

The views of the President and Mr. Garrison were reviewed in other letters which culminated in the offering and acceptance of the Secretary's resignation.

Several members of President Wilson's official family and administration

leaders in Congress were being talked of tonight as possible successors to Secretary Garrison. The President desired to choose another secretary before accepting Mr. Garrison's resignation, but the secretary requested immediate action.

Swager, chairman of the House Fortifications sub-committee; Secretary Lane, of the Interior Department, and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt, of the Navy Department, were the three men most favorably mentioned. It was said at the White House, however, that the President had not yet given serious consideration to the question.

It was indicated that Mr. Wilson will make an appointment as soon as possible. He is said to desire, if possible, a man already familiar with the general details of the military situation of the nation, in order that the National defense plans may be carried forward without delay. The President, himself, it was said, will have personal charge of the administration plans.

REFUSES TO TALK.

Garrison, in New York, Will Not Discuss His Resignation.
New York, Feb. 10.—Lindley M. Garrison refused absolutely to discuss his resignation as Secretary of War upon his arrival here from Washington at 9 o'clock tonight. He declared all information regarding his retirement must come from Washington.

Asked if he had any comment to make on the retirement of his assistant, Henry C. Breckenridge, Mr. Garrison replied:
"Mr. Breckenridge will have to speak for himself. I have troubles enough of my own."

The retiring cabinet officer, who was accompanied by his wife, declined to tell where he was going or how long he was going to stay.

ARMED MERCHANTMEN ARE TO BE GIVEN NO WARNING BY U-BOATS

(Continued From Page One.)

Brooklyn and Boston waived. These two clubs today drew lots for the player's services and Brooklyn won, therefore not entitled to enter American waters more than once in every six months or to remain more than twenty-four hours, it was said at one of the embassies here that if the United States, in face of the desperate need of ships and its products abroad, could afford to exclude from its ports allied merchantmen, the governments owning them could afford to send in only enough to take out goods consigned to themselves.

Would Be Virtual Boycott.
It was said at the embassy that such a restriction would amount to a boycott of American ports.

It was suggested that the unarmed merchant ships which did not enter American ports would be met outside the three mile limit by warships and conveyed to their destination, or that the ships themselves might be armed at sea.

WILL ISSUE MEMORANDUM

Germany to Notify Neutrals of Action Regarding Armed Merchantmen.

Berlin, Feb. 10. (By Wireless to Sayville).—The German government is about to issue a memorandum to neutral governments announcing that hereafter armed merchantmen belonging to countries at war with Germany will be considered and treated as warships.

In the memorandum it is explained that Germany acquiesces neutral powers with its intentions "that they may warn their citizens against further entrusting their persons or property to armed merchantmen belonging to powers at war with the German Empire."

AUSTRIA TO ISSUE NOTE.

Will Announce Some Procedure as Germany in Case of Armed Ships.

Berlin, Feb. 10, via London, Feb. 11.—Austria-Hungary is to publish immediately a parallel note to the German memorandum, announcing the same procedure as Germany in the case of armed merchantmen, applicable from February 23.

FAVORS UNIVERSAL MILITARY TRAINING

(Continued From Page One.)
strength in case of war were recommended.

Need for Adequate Defense.
In referring to the need of adequate defense, the committee cited the Monroe Doctrine, the new Pan-Americanism, Asiatic exclusion, the principle of freedom of the seas and American influence in the enforcement of international law as policies which might provoke other nations to offense.

"It is the opinion of the committee," the report continues, "that the strength of the navy should be increased with all dispatch until it shall be sufficient to restore the United States to its former position of second naval power in the Atlantic with a surplus in the Pacific sufficient to insure therein to the United States the command of its coasts, possessions and trade routes and to protect from invasion the canal zone and its adjacent territory."

"Your committee believes," the report continues, "in the great value to our country of universal training in time of peace, for its economic advantage to every individual and for the cultivation of patriotism, good citizenship, good health and good morals, which will be worth many times over the cost of maintaining the system."

"Of the financial requirement necessary for the programme, the committee says:
"The committee realizes that this or any other adequate plan of National defense necessarily involves raising and spending large sums of money. To carry this burden the Federal government should closely examine its present expenditures and then courageously assess the necessary new requirements upon the people of the nation. The committee is certain that the nation will respond and that the Chamber of Commerce of the United States will support the government in this request for adequate funds."

Homer L. Ferguson, of Newport News, Va., was elected a director of the Chamber.

PRESIDENT WILSON SPEAKS.

Says America Needs Scientific Tariff Board and Merchant Marine.

Washington, Feb. 10.—President Wilson told the Chamber of Commerce of the United States tonight that America needed a real scientific tariff board and he thought it was going to get it; that it needed a real merchant marine and that it was absolutely necessary some beginning should be made at once to get that, too, and that had it not been for the effectiveness of the Federal Reserve law, as a business preparedness measure there was no telling what commercial disaster would have overwhelmed the United States with the present war. Of the prospect for keeping the country at peace, he said that while no immediate interna-

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure
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LAYMEN STIRRED BY MISSIONARY WORKERS

Steps Taken to Carry Enthusiasm Into Church Boards.

More Than Fifteen Hundred Registered at Greensboro for Convention of Missionary Movement—Several Addresses Yesterday.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, N. C., Feb. 10.—Stirring addresses by returned missionaries and missionary experts stirred the men of the North Carolina convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement today, and at the denominational conferences in the afternoon plans were put on foot to carry into the church boards and local organizations the enthusiasm aroused by the meeting.

The total registration to noon today was 1,476. Of this number 271 were from Winston-Salem. It is known that others have been coming in today, so that the registration tonight exceeds slightly 1,500. At noon today a photograph of more than a thousand men attending the morning session was made in front of the West Market Street Methodist church, where the sessions are being held.

The first speaker of this morning's meeting was Rev. George Green, M. D., who spoke upon "Healing the Sick in Africa." Rev. Mr. Green is a missionary of the Southern Baptist Convention in West Africa. His address moved the convention mightily as he told of his experiences with the black men of that great continent.

Rev. Mr. Newlin Heard.
Rev. Sylvester Newlin, on the programme for tomorrow, spoke in the place of Rev. J. D. Dale, of Chesapeake, who is detained at home on account of sickness, but will be here tomorrow. His subject was "The Pastor's Missionary Opportunity." His address was probably the most eloquent of the convention.

Rev. C. J. Thompson, of Raleigh, field secretary of the Southern Baptist Convention, delivered a well prepared address on "The World Crisis and the Challenge to America." He said that China was just at the crucial point in missionary work; that the old religion of China had been found unsatisfactory; that they must have a religion and it was now the opportunity of the churches in America. The same conditions are true in a part of India. The fact that the fields are ripe, that the workers are ready to go, and that America has the money if it will give it, indicate that God is calling the men of the Nation to give for the mission cause.

Dr. D. Clay Lilly Speaks.
Dr. D. Clay Lilly, who is presiding over the convention, spoke on "Getting Ready for World Conquest." Dr. Lilly is one of the field secretaries of the Laymen's Movement and has his headquarters at Nashville. He is a forceful speaker and has a comprehensive idea of the missionary situation. He declared that the Southern churches never had such an opportunity as they have at this time.

This afternoon denominational conferences were held. Similar conferences will be held tomorrow. Churches holding conferences were: The Associate Reformed, Presbyterian, Baptist, Christian, Disciples, Episcopalians, Friends, Lutheran, Methodist, Moravians, Methodist Protestants, Presbyterians and Reformed. Many of these were largely attended and all had splendid programs.

tional danger facing the nation "we are merely holding trouble at arm's length."

The President's reference to the tariff board and the merchant marine were greeted with tumultuous applause at a dinner closing the organization's annual convention. His reference to his Western tour evoked a demonstration.

The President assailed the tardiness of American business men in the past to broaden their commercial vision beyond the boundaries of this country. The war, he said, "had thrust America into the economic leadership of the world" despite this. "There were many instrumentalities, however, which America needed sorely, he said. One of them related to the tariff."

"We ought to have a real scientific tariff board and I think we are going to have it," he said. His greatest difficulty, he thought, would be in obtaining men for the board who were both capable and non-partisan. He knew of only one eligible.

"I am not interested in my doctrine of protection," he said, "and I am not interested in any doctrine of free trade. I have been a college professor and I know why—because there's nothing in either doctrine! The only thing interesting is the facts."

"Another instrumentality which I hope we shall make ready to get as

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Dr. Howard's Dyspepsia Specific: Regular Price 50c; J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.'s Price, 25c.

Each 50 cent bottle of J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. sell for 25c. Contains safety dose of medicine that is pleasant to take and which can be depended upon to cure the worst case of constipation, dyspepsia or liver trouble. The J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. has so much faith in their medicine that they are willing to guarantee that if Dr. Howard's specific does not cure you, come back to our store and we will return your money."

This remedy is not an ordinary medicine. It is the favorite formula of a well known physician, and has the endorsement of hundreds of physicians of eminence in their profession, who prescribe it in all cases of constipation, dyspepsia or liver trouble. Knowing from experience that it will make a complete and lasting cure.

soon as possible is a merchant marine. We have hopefully expected lately that ships would be built by Americans, but there have been no violent symptoms of that hope being realized. It is absolutely necessary that we should make a beginning in some way."

Business Locals

WANT A LIVE, ENERGETIC, EXPERIENCED shoe man, with capital of his own, \$1,000.00 to \$2,000.00, to run an exclusive shoe store, backed by and co-operated with by one of the largest wholesale and manufacturing shoe establishments in the country. Address "Business," Box 964, City. fe11-11*

WANTED — A REAL EXPERIENCED grocery clerk for work Saturdays only. Steady, every Saturday. Wilmington man, with good references. A. Renik, corner 5th and Nixon sts. Phone 827. fe11-11*

FOR SALE — ONE HORSE, COW, HEIFER, farming tools and hay. Mrs. Annie Grien, Castle Hayne, N. C. fe11-11*

O'N YOUR OWN HOME. NO BETTER advice than this can be followed. We have a brand new, thoroughly modern home for sale at low price and special terms. Let us tell you of it. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. fe11-11*

FOR RENT — TWO ROOMS OVER EL- lis Barber Shop, 108 Princess street. Good location for office. Apply in barber shop. fe11-11*

VENISON, 15 CENTS LB.; QUAIL, 15 cents each; keese, 50 to 60 cents each; country eggs, 23 cents dozen; oysters, very best in the city. Nice veal and pork. Beef roast, 15 to 20 cents lb.; pork shoulders, today, 17 1/2 cents lb. Call by and see our stock of good things to eat. Phone No. 72. Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street. fe11-11*

WANTED — YOUNG MAN WITH SOME experience in printing office and handling mail list; address in own handwriting, stating wages expected. Opportunity to learn printing trade in all its branches, on morning daily newspaper. Address "Print," Phone Star. fe11-11*

WANTED — THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, suitable for light housekeeping, down town section. Must be reasonable. Address Box 282, City. fe11-11*

LADIES—BRING YOUR STRAW HATS to us, before the rush, so we can clean block and shape them like new, for 50 cents. All work guaranteed. American Practical Hatter, 128 Market street. fe11-11*

FOR SALE—FIVE-PASSENGER FORD car. Apply A. Siegler, No. 12 Market street. fe11-11*

TWO ROOMS AND BATH — STEAM heat, artesian water, two closets, etc., in the comfortable Carolina Apartment House, on Market and Fifth streets, for rent. Let us show you the apartment. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. fe11-11*

UKULELES! UKULELES! AN ASSORT- ment of Ukuleles just received. Call and see them. Yopp & Woody Music Co., 217 North Front street. Phone 312. fe11-11*

FOR RENT — HOUSE, 318 NORTH 4TH street, seven rooms, upper floor, all conveniences. Halls newly papered. Apply 320 North Fourth street. Phone 1216-J. fe11-11*

WANTED—TO SELL DRY PINE WOOD for \$1.00; pine and oak, \$1.25; oak, \$1.35; sawed and split. Call phone 1914. Prompt delivery. fe11-11*

NEW SERIES OPENS MARCH 4, 1916, at 210 Princess street, Broome Building and Loan Association. G. H. Meyer, President; Herbert McManis, Attorney; Geo. B. Applewhite, Secretary and Treasurer. We want you as a stockholder. fe11-11*

FOR RENT — THIRD FLOOR, OVER Woodall and Shepard's. Apply Woodall and Shepard's. fe11-11*

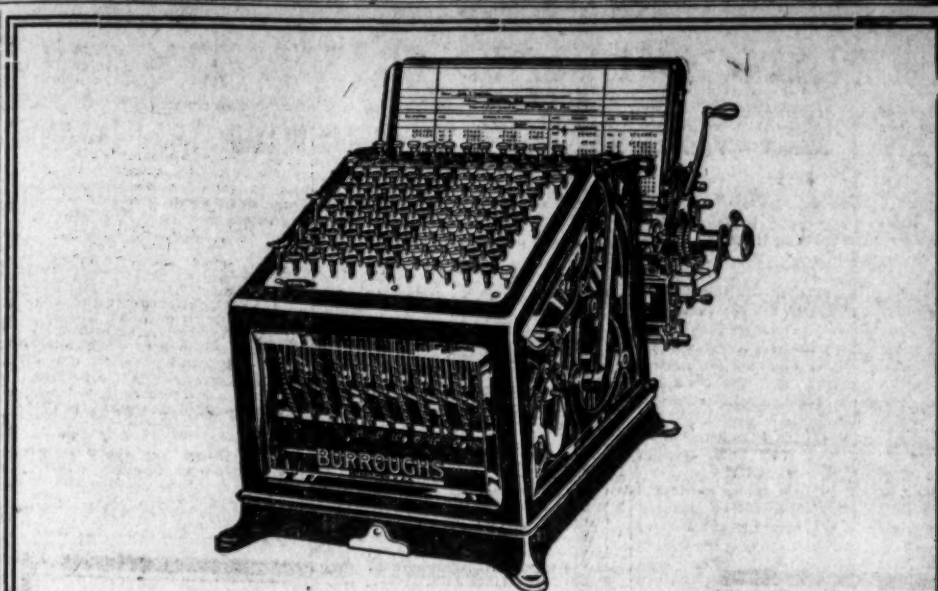
JUST BOUGHT A BANKRUPT STOCK of gold jewelry, such as watches, brooches, lavallieres, watch bracelets and diamonds. Can save you from forty to fifty per cent on same as Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop; No. 6 South Front street. Phone 642. fe11-11*

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Your
Selections Early?

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117 Market St.



How a Machine Does Our Bookkeeping

A short time ago we installed a remarkable machine in our Accounting Department—a machine which adds and subtracts, tells the date, keeps our books and gets out monthly statements. It does all this work much faster than any bookkeeper could, and has never been known to make a mistake.

The installation of this Burroughs Bookkeeping Machine means that our accounts will be handled just as rapidly and accurately as those of the largest and most up-to-date banks in the country.

Insures Accuracy.

The fact that our figure work is done on a Burroughs is a guarantee to our customers of absolute accuracy in the handling of their accounts. The machine method of ledger posting makes it impossible for a mistake to get past unnoticed. This accuracy insurance alone is important enough to you and to us to justify the use of the

machine method, but there are many other advantages.

Better Service to You.

The Burroughs will handle our figure work in about half the time formerly needed. This gives us more time for other things—time to improve the service in every department of the bank.

Come in and see our machine bookkeeping system in operation. We will be glad to show you how the machine makes entries in our books, how it automatically adds in one column, subtracts in another and so on, and how it makes mistakes impossible. You will be welcome any time.

We don't want you to think of this bank just as a place to deposit your money, although of course we are glad to have you keep as large a balance with us as possible. It is our desire to render our patrons every service and accommodation that can be reasonably expected from us.

Talk over your business problems with us. It is part of our work to study business and financial conditions, and it may be that we can suggest some ideas that you will find worth while. Please feel free to consult us at any time.

American Bank & Trust Company
FRONT AND MARKET STS. WILMINGTON, N. C.

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BEGINNING THIS DATE ALL
STREET CARS WILL STOP
ONLY ON "NEAR CORNERS"
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PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR MAGA- zines and newspapers to 745. Gordon Bros. 17 Princess St. fe 14-11

FOR RENT — LARGE, BRIGHT, WELL furnished room, with modern conveniences. Halls newly papered. Apply 320 North Fourth street. Phone 1216-J. fe12-11

WANTED — AT ONCE, CAPABLE man, with saw mill about 5,000 capacity, to saw pine and hard wood. Legs furnished to mill and lumber taken off trucks at roller bench. Pay day every two weeks. Located on railroad. Man must be honest and capable and appreciate honest treatment. Address P. O. Box 102, Wilmington, N. C. fe8-11*

FOR RENT—HOUSE SUITABLE FOR boarding house. Centrally located; all modern conveniences. Rent very reasonable. Call 1913-W, or Box 322. fe 8-11

FOR RENT — 103 SOUTH EIGHTH street; seven rooms, all latest improvements. Gordon Brothers, 17 Princess street. fe14-11

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MR. FARMER — SELL US YOUR peas. V. B. Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. de24-f.su-w-30t

SPECIAL FOR ONE WEEK — LOG Cabin syrup, small, 3 cents; 3 for 25 cents; large size, 22 cents; 5 cent sardines, 7 for 25 cents; Caraja coffee, 25 cents a can; Libby's dressing; 25 cent bottle, 20 cents; pure olive oil, 15 cent size, 9 cents. And a full line of delicatessen at May Bros., 24 North Front street. Phone 1322. fe 8-11

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